

Joint Research Centre

The European Commission's in-house science service

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**CISE data model
design**

*Serving society
Stimulating innovation
Supporting legislation*



CISE data model

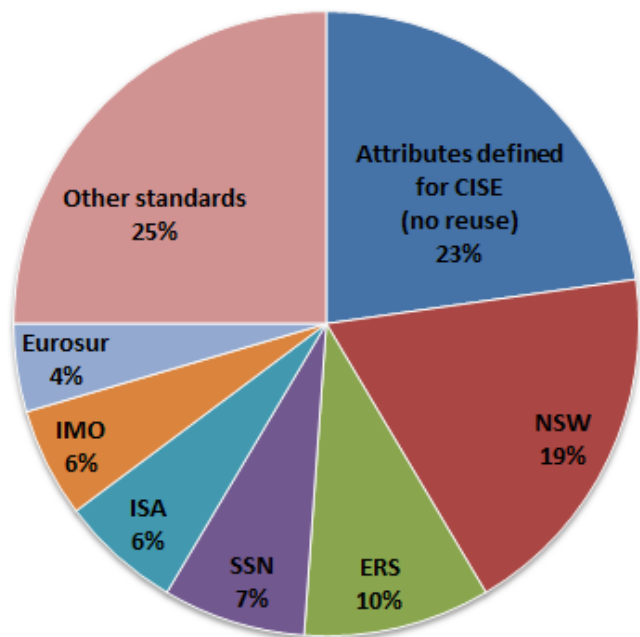
- Data models are defined in terms of
 - Entities (object existing in the business domain)
 - Attributes (its properties)
 - Relationships among entities
 - Constraints (business rules)
- CISE data model objective: to reach **semantic interoperability** between maritime surveillance systems
 - to enable systems to combine received information with other information resources and to process it in a meaningful manner (European Interoperability Framework)

CISE data model design

- Sector-neutral model
 - Avoids specificities from sectorial business processes
- Defines entities and attributes relevant for cross-sector information exchanges
- Reuses whenever possible definitions of entities/attributes used in existing systems
 - CISE data model = union of subsets of elements of some sectorial models packaged in a sector-neutral structure

CISE data model design

Reuse of existing standards



- Examples of reused standards and existing systems: National Single Window (port formalities), Eurosur, SafeSeaNet, ERS, IMO (FAL, GISIS, ISPS, IMDG), UNECE recommendations 20 and 21, IVEF, OASIS CAP, ISO standards (28005, 8601, 3166-1, 15836...), ISA Core Vocabularies, TSO, W3C Ontology, ANSI (NISOZ3985), IETF, ...
- Advantage: ensure a certain level of compatibility

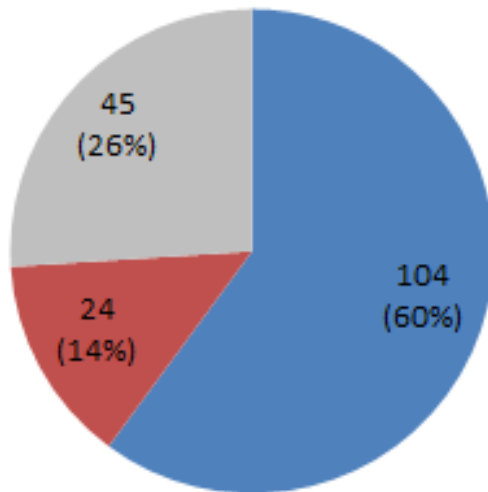
Interoperability between existing systems

- Purpose: evaluate the translation possibilities between CISE data model and some existing data models
- For each existing data model, a mapping at attribute level distinguishes
 - The attributes reused directly and doesn't need a conversion
 - The attributes not selected to be part of the CISE data model
 - The attributes represented with a different structure in the CISE data model, either because the structure of another data model was chosen or the existing structure has been improved

Interoperability between existing systems

- ISO 28005 : Electronic port clearance standard

ISO28005



- attributes reused
- attributes reused with a different semantic
- attributes not selected

Examples

ISO/CISE

CargoType : possible types of cargo (enumeration from UNECE-RECOM21)

ISO

Agent (name, address, contact)

CISE

Agent (vCard format, IETF RFC6350)

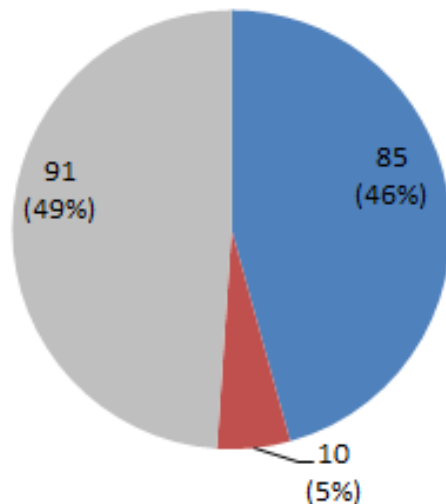
ISO

AirDraught (Distance from waterline to highest point of vessel under the current loading conditions)

Interoperability between existing systems

- National Single Window to SafeSeaNet model

NSW in SSN



- attributes reused
- attributes reused with a different semantic
- attributes not selected

Examples

NSW-SSN/CISE

PollutionCode (Marpol, annex II)

NSW-SSN

VesselType
(UNECE R28)

CISE

VesselType
(IMO list)

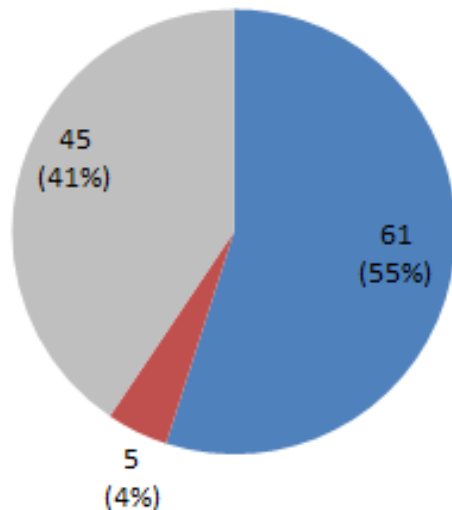
NSW-SSN

Port of delivery of remaining Waste

Interoperability between existing systems

- Eurosur event data model

Eurosur



- attributes reused
- attributes reused with a different semantic
- attributes not selected

Examples

Eurosur/CISE

EventType

Eurosur

Location Name
(gazetteer)

CISE

Location Name
(free text)

Eurosur

Smuggled Object Value

Next steps

- The data model is tested during the CISE Demonstrator
- The data model will be put into practice during the PoV
- The Commission will provide technical support to implement translation mechanisms between the data models available in existing systems and the CISE data model

Next steps

- CISE data model will be further enriched with new data entities and attributes
 - The evolution should be driven by information need of final users
- An appropriate administrative structure for the management and maintenance of the data model needs to be defined

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