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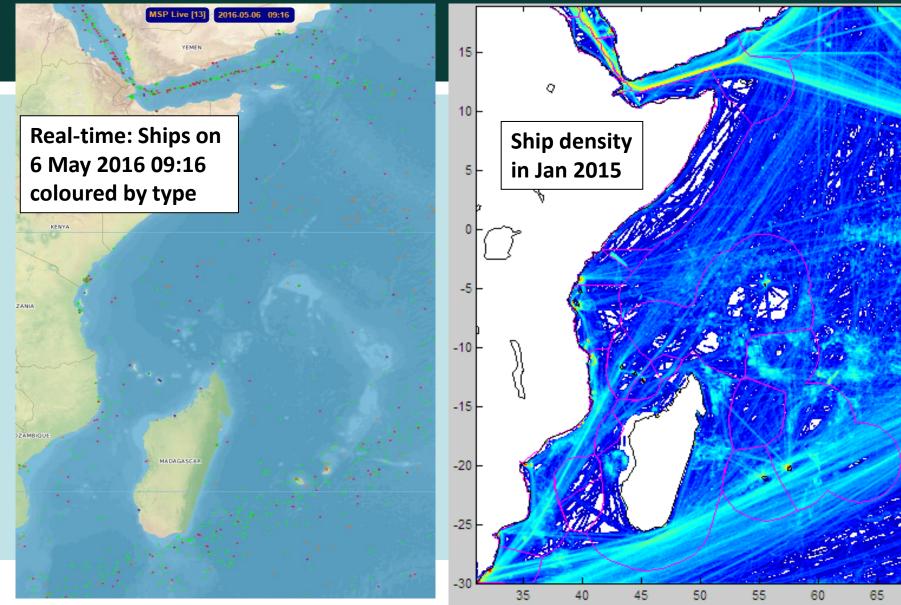
Challenges in using AIS data to make ship density maps

Harm Greidanus

Shipping density maps from AIS signals, DG MARE - Brussels, 7 Sep 2017

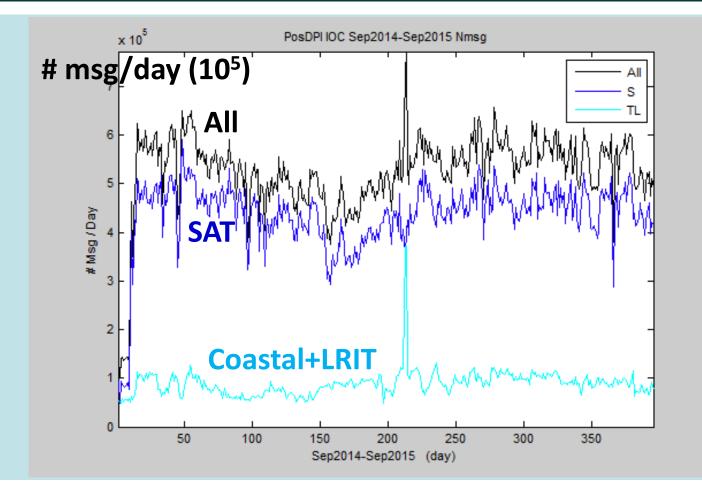


1. From AIS messages to ship density maps





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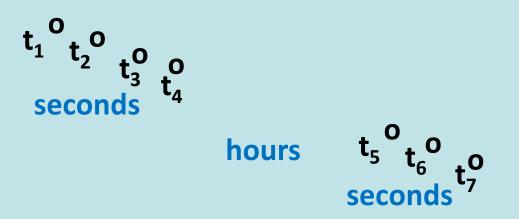


- Data from PMAR project
- 1 full year
- Up to 17 AIS satellites (NCA/FFI, LuxSpace, Orbcom, exactEarth, SpaceQuest)
- Coastal AIS (MSSIS)
- LRIT (EMSA)
- 550k position msg/day
- 1,600 MMSI daily



2. Interpolation of ship track

- From position samples irregularly spaced in time (the AIS messages)
- To regular sampled track
- Assuming no data errors (only data gaps)



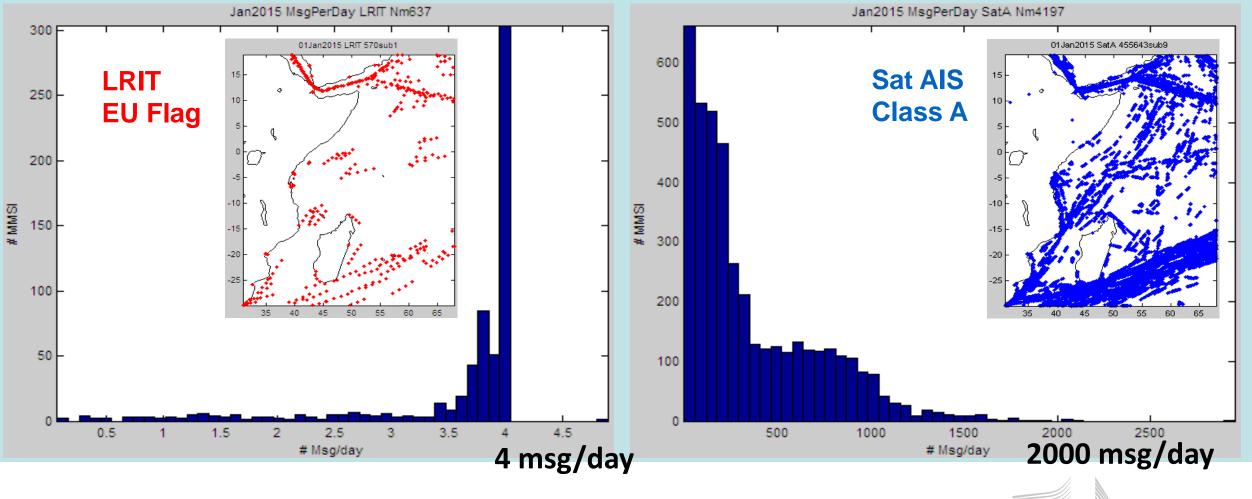


2. Interpolation of ship track

- Thousands of msg/day from some ships down to a few from others
- Linear, or some curve fitting?
- Use only positions, or also speed, course?
- Use ship movement model (physics; ship type)?
- How far (long) to extrapolate, max time gap?
- Use established behaviour (routes)?



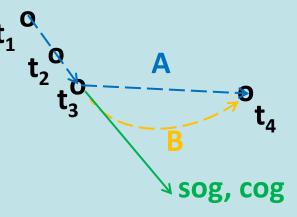
2. Interpolation of ship track Histogram of # msg / day per MMSI



European Commission

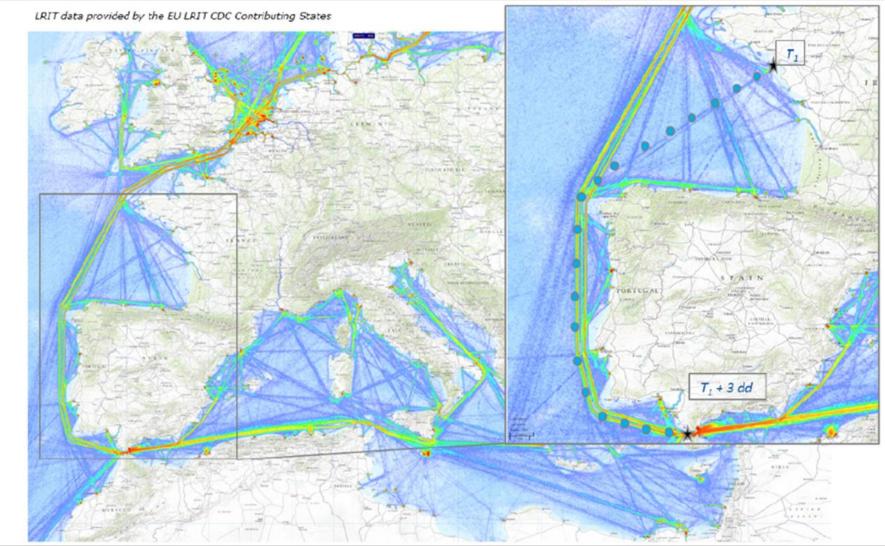
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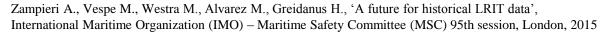




2. In Historical LRIT data can be used to predict where a vessel will be up to a few days in advance



Routes of cargo ships





3. Data errors

- Random, incidental errors
- Systematic, repetitive errors



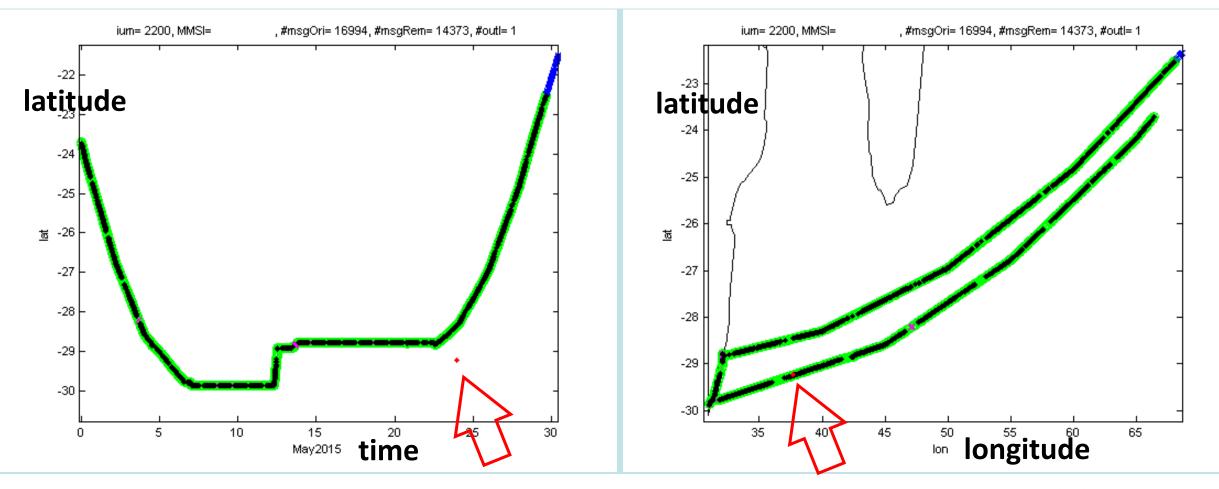
3. Data errors – Random

Random, incidental errors

- Single outlier points
- In MMSI, position, time (, sog, cog, ...)
 - Positions on land; impossible heading-course vs. speed
- Due to transmission: seen by >1 receiver
- Due to reception: quite different error rates for different satellites



3. Data errors – Outliers





3. Data errors – Random

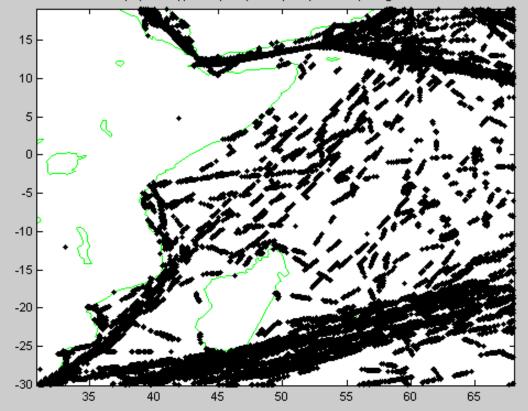
Random, incidental errors

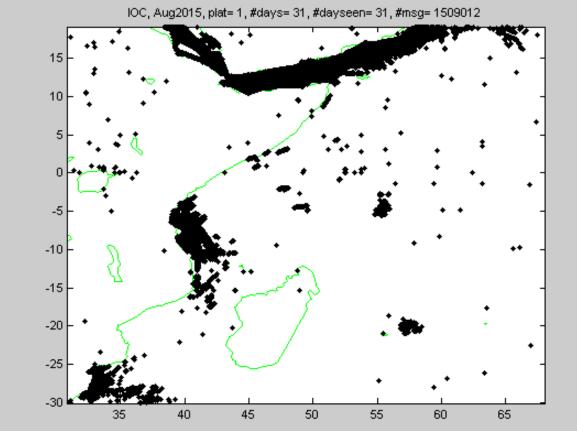
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3. Data errors – Random, receiver side All msg in one month for a certain receiver

IOC, Apr2015, plat= 3, #days= 30, #dayseen= 1, #msg= 293374







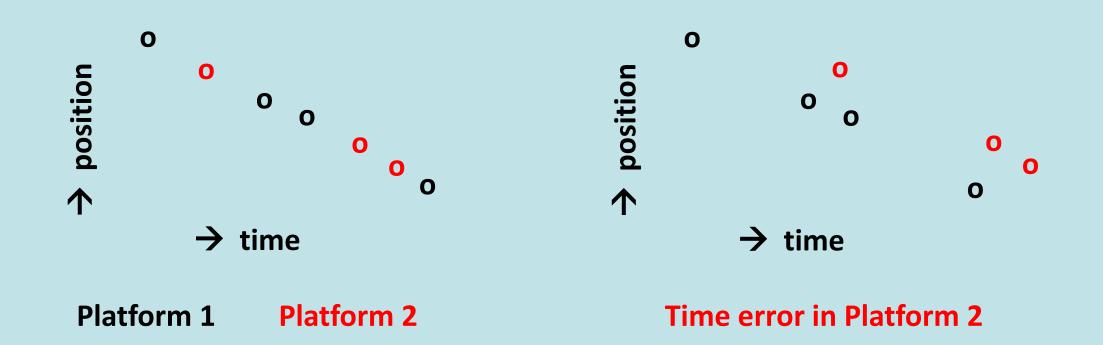
3. Data errors – Systematic

Systematic, repetitive errors

- Receiver side
 - Clock offset, drift, jumps
 - Both on satellite (sec-min offsets) and on coastal (local PC, hours offset)
- Ship side `noisy' MMSIs
 - Always wrong value of some field (e.g., longitude always negative; course off by 90 deg)
 - Many errors in some field
 - Can be impossible to recognise in geo-box

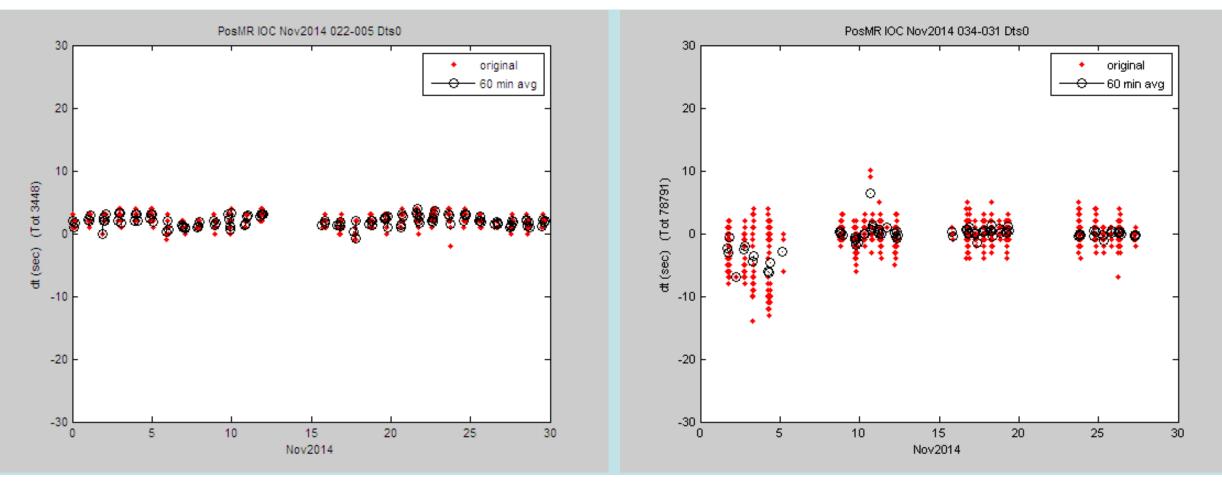


3. Data errors – Clock Occurrence and impact of clock errors



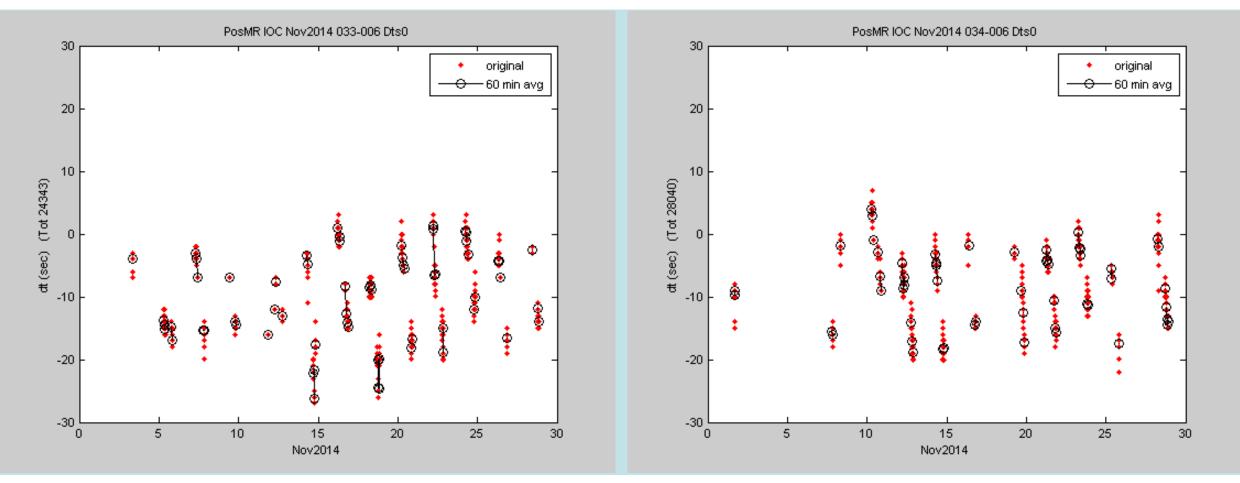


3. Data errors – Clock Time difference for identical msg between 2 sats





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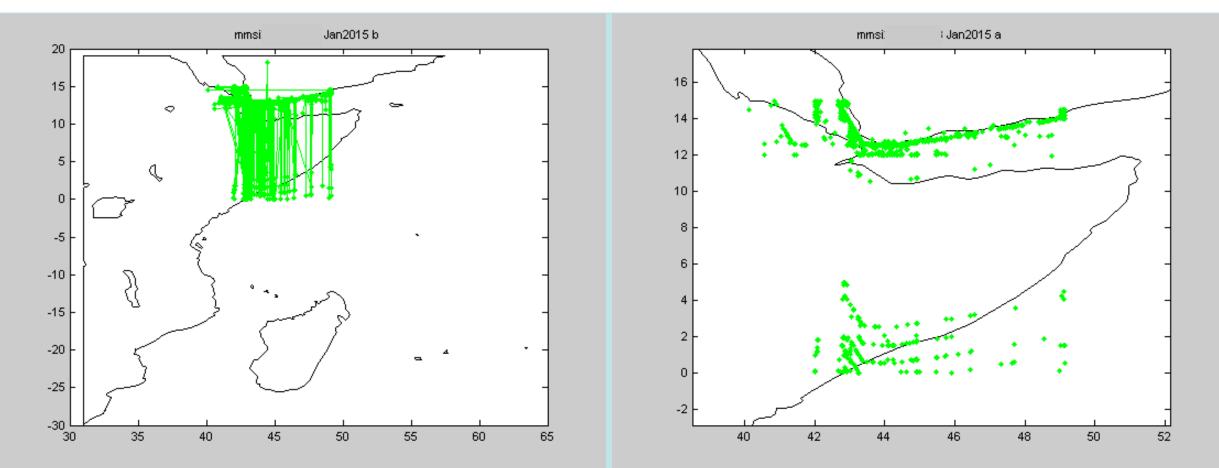
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3. Data errors – Noisy MMSI All positions of one MMSI in 1 month





4. AIS verification

Coastal

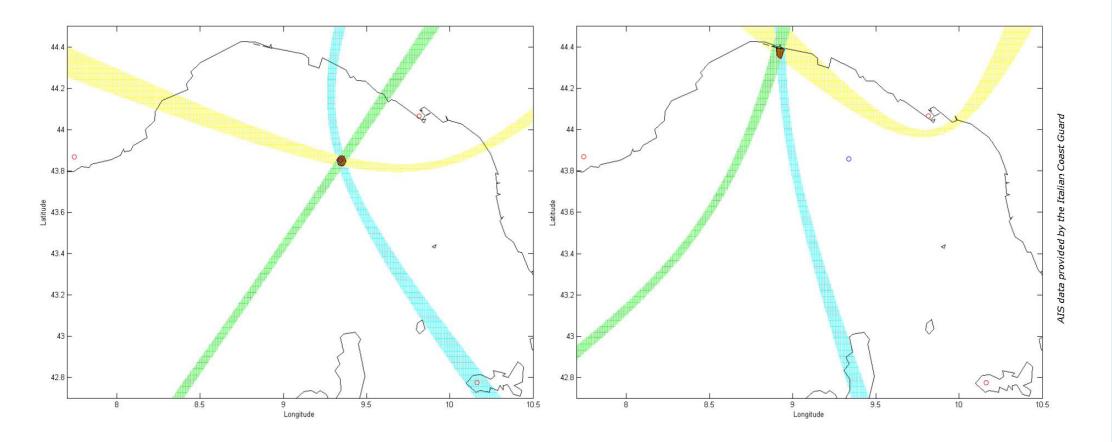
- Time difference of arrival localisation by 3 receivers to verify position
- Off-switching by measuring RF signal level as function of distance

Satellite

- Reject msg with position outside reception area
- Localisation by Doppler and other RF signal properties



4. AIS verification – Coastal TDOA



Papi, F., Tarchi, D., Vespe, M., Oliveri, F., Borghese, F., Aulicino, G., & Vollero, A., 'Radiolocation and tracking of automatic identification system signals for maritime situational awareness'. IET Radar, Sonar & Navigation 9 (5), 568-580, 2015



4. AIS verification

Coastal

- Time difference of arrival localisation by 3 receivers to verify position
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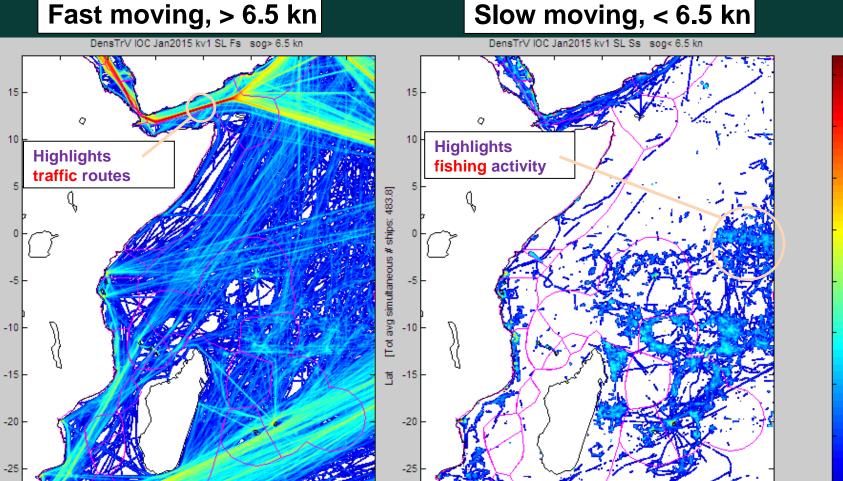
Satellite

- Reject msg with position outside reception area
- Localisation by Doppler and other RF signal properties



5. Some results

Fast moving, > 6.5 kn



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Lon Colour scale in 10log Avg # ships / square deg

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Selection only on speed

avg

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Lon Colour scale in 10log Avg # ships / square deg

Note units: log average # ships / square degree

65

Harm Greidanus, Marlene Alvarez, Vincenzo Gammieri, Carlos Santamaria, Alfredo Alessandrini, Pietro Argentieri, 2015: "Maritime Awareness Systems Performance in the Western Indian Ocean 2014-2015. Results from the PMAR-MASE project", JRC Technical Report JRC97935, EUR 27612 EN, doi 10.2788/420868

60

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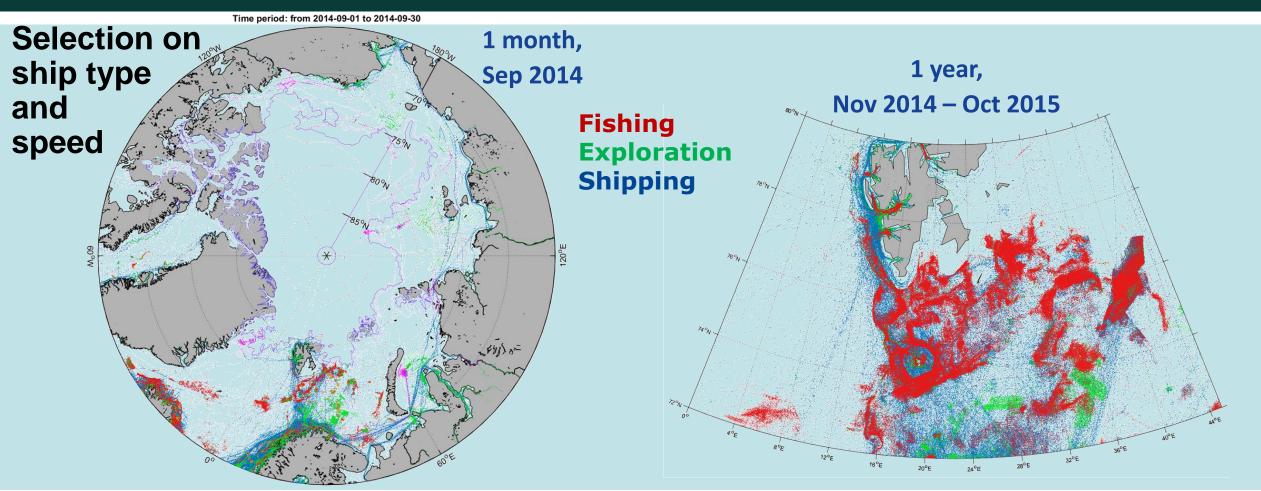
2.5

1.5

0.5

-0.5

5. Some results



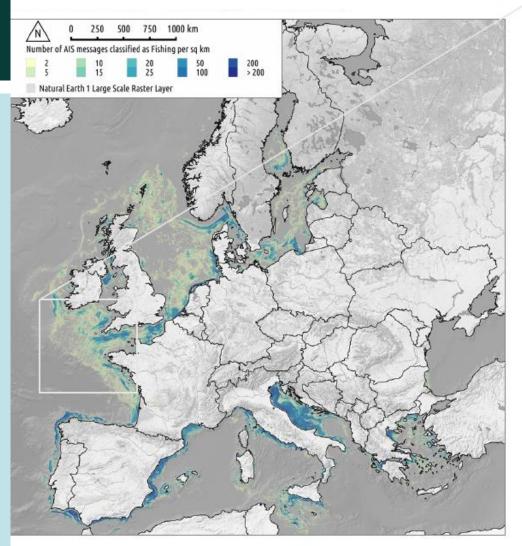
Data: Satellite AIS from Norwegian Coastal Administration / FFI

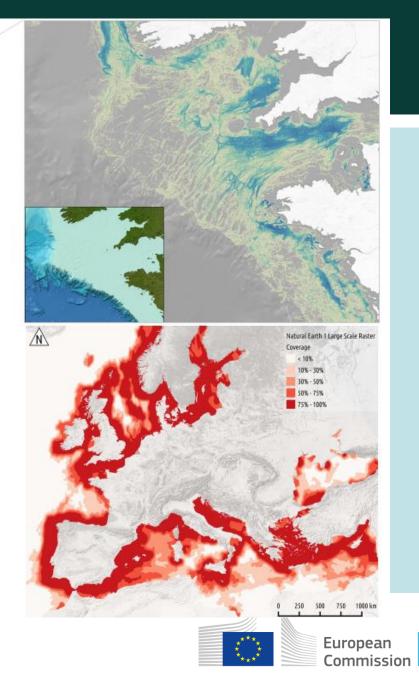
Vespe M., Greidanus H., Santamaria C., Barbas T., 'Knowledge Discovery of Human Activities at Sea in the Arctic using Remote Sensing and Vessel Tracking Systems', Int. Conf. on Safe and Sustainable Shipping in a Changing Arctic Environment (ShipArc 2015), Malmö, Sweden, 2015



5. Some results

Selection on ship type and on speed with limits set per individual ship





Michele Vespe, Maurizio Gibin, Alfredo Alessandrini, Fabrizio Natale, Fabio Mazzarella, Giacomo C. Osio, Journal of Maps Vol. 12, Iss. sup1, 2016, Mapping EU fishing activities using ship tracking data, http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/17445647.2016.1195299

Thank you

Any questions?

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