





Conference key facts

- >300 Stakeholders;
- 2.5 days;
- Diverse ocean observing and monitoring communities: data collectors, data services and user communities from policy, industry, research and wider society;
- Plenary presentations, Panel discussions, Breakout group discussions, poster presentations and exhibits;
- Call to Action.

EOOS Conference 2018: Conclusions



"If we want to build solid, fact-based policy and harness our society for today's and tomorrow's challenges, we need to make sure that ocean observations continue [....] cross-sector international collaboration is a must and coordination and sharing is a Commission priority." Karmenu Vella, EC Commissioner for DG MARE)

- Data collection is at the foundation of the whole marine knowledge value chain
- Ocean data is a blue growth enabler and prerequisite for protecting ocean health
- Ocean science & observation is only a service to mankind if the data are made publicly available and published!
- We have to consider lessons learned from integrating activities beyond Europe: put in practice the 3 C's: Consultation, Connection and Collaboration!
- Network what we have; Open Access; Smart Equipment; Transfer Knowledge
- Policy drivers and societal needs are there and we have the infrastructures, know-how, networks, mechanisms and instruments to build on what exists already can we step up to enhance dialogue and coordination and deliver a more coherent approach?







EOOS Forum, March 2018

EOOS Conference, November 2018

EOOS events Advisory Committee of ocean observation and monitoring stakeholders

Stakeholder consultation on Strategy and Implementation activities; Call to Action



EOOS Call to Action: Next steps

We welcome the efforts undertaken to date to strengthen the coordination framework of ocean observing in Europe. An open and inclusive process is now imperative to move forward.

We therefore call on European countries and the EU to examine what is currently being done under their responsibility and establish roadmaps with specific actions and indicators to move towards a more integrated, transparent and coordinated approach. The following key actions should be undertaken:

- Countries should coordinate all national marine and coastal data collection efforts to improve efficiency, and identify priorities and gaps to meet policy and societal needs. Observations should be standardised and operationalised within and across regional seas, building on the work done via existing regional coordination frameworks;
- EU agencies and authorities should consider how the EU can best rationalize its investment and activities related to ocean observing activities. This requires a concerted effort to ensure that different EU investments in marine and coastal data collection infrastructures are better connected and are linked to existing data management and sharing initiatives; and
- Both national and European authorities should support integration and drive innovation in infrastructure and technology development to reduce the cost and expand the coverage of ocean data collection, while optimising data analyses, synthesis and use.

Extract from Call to Action

Dissemination and communication:

- online (websites, email, social media)
- European marine and maritime stakeholders

Scoping study on national coordination mechanisms for marine monitoring and ocean observing (spring-summer 2019)

Tracking uptake and impact of Call to Action at national and European level (spring 2020)