



# EMODnet



European Marine  
Observation and  
Data Network

## Data and Data Product portfolio

March 2020

This document has been produced and designed by the EMODnet Secretariat and the Flanders Marine Institute (VLIZ), with special contribution from Nathalie Tonné (EMODnet Secretariat) and Paula Oset García (VLIZ).

All the maps displayed in this portfolio were obtained through the web services provided by the EMODnet thematic portals. Where data and data products are produced by, or in collaboration with, other organisations and initiatives the logos are shown.

The EMODnet portfolio aims to provide a clear and concise overview of the data and data products offered by the seven EMODnet thematic portals. It is a living document that will be updated regularly.

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Acknowledgement: EMODnet Secretariat and Flanders Marine Institute (2020). EMODnet Data and data product portfolio. Available at <http://www.emodnet.eu/data-portfolio>

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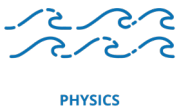
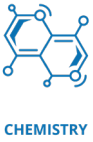
*Information contained here has been derived from data that is made available via the European Marine Observation Data Network (EMODnet) ([www.emodnet.eu](http://www.emodnet.eu)), funded by the European Commission's Directorate-General for Maritime Affairs and Fisheries (DG MARE).*

Key | Data and  
data products  
categories

Data Ingestion

Data products

Data



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## Parameters and data formats



### Parameter category

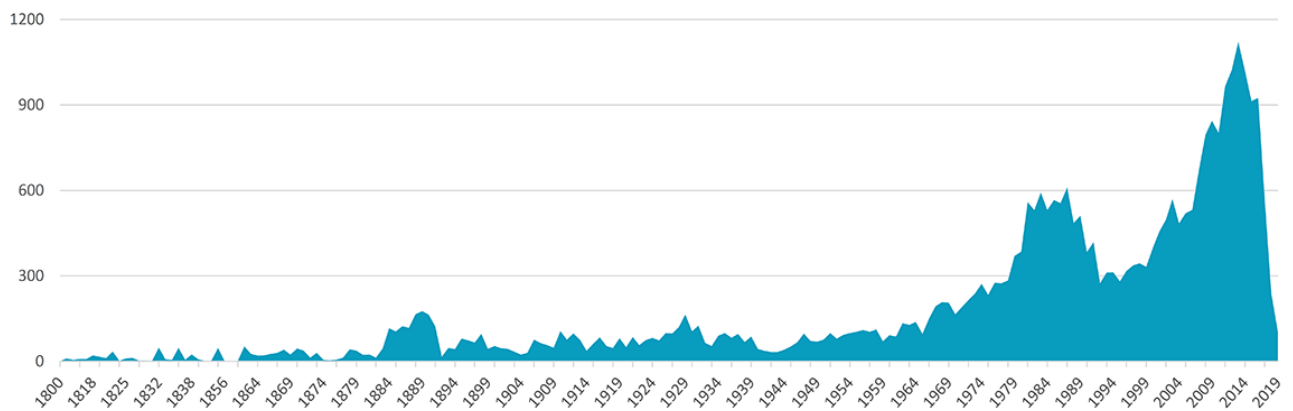
Bathymetry and elevation

### Data formats

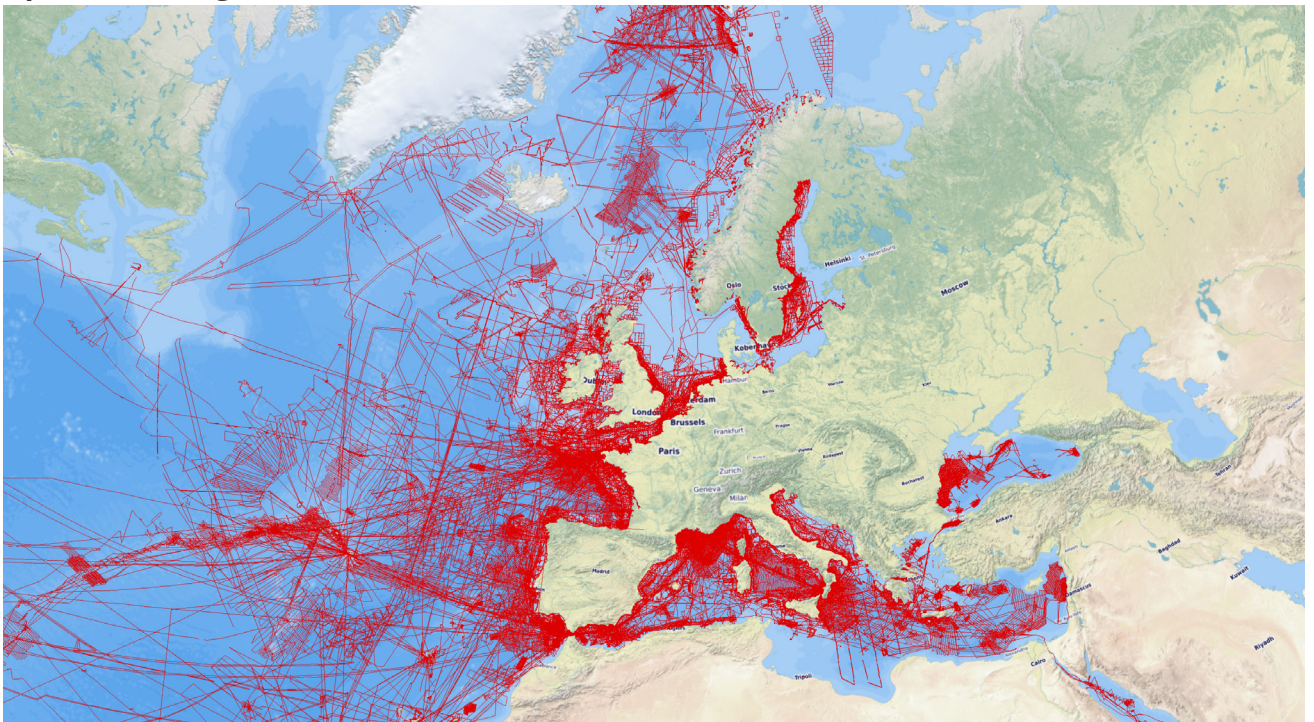
BAG, XYZ, SeaDataNet ODV, GeoTiff, NetCDF

## Coverage and resolution

**Temporal coverage:** number of datasets per year (1800-2019).



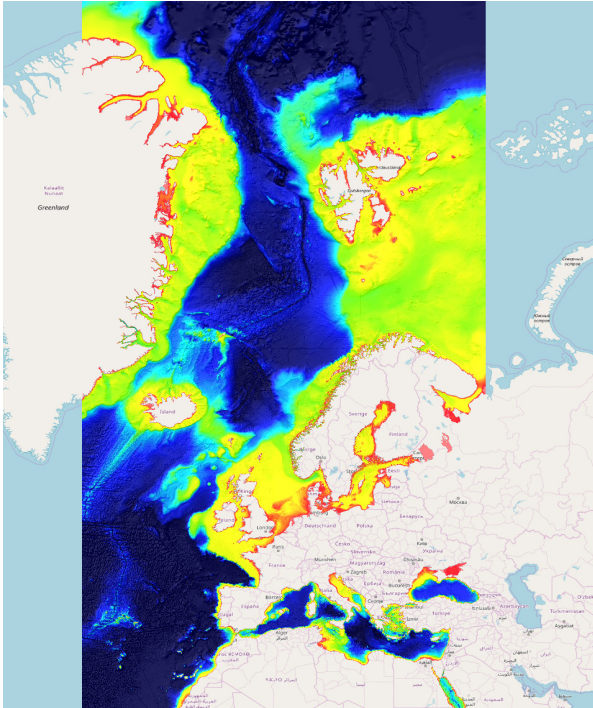
### Spatial coverage



Map indicating the tracks of bathymetric surveys from which datasets have been selected and processed as input for building the overall EMODnet Digital Terrain Model (DTM). The metadata and survey data are gathered from European originators: national hydrographic services, research institutes, and companies. Their coverage goes beyond European waters as scientists collect bathymetry on a global scale.

## Digital Terrain Model (DTM)

L5

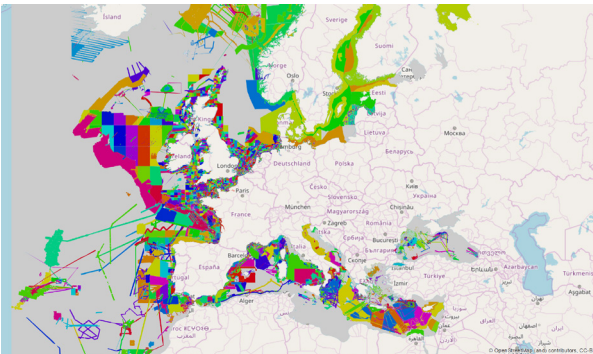


EMODnet Bathymetry Digital Terrain Model (DTM) - version 2018.

- Temporal coverage: 1816 – 2018
- Spatial resolution: DTM grid 1/16 x 1/16 arc minute (circa 115 x 115 m)
- Available to download as: ESRI ASCII, EMODnet CSV, RGB GeoTIFF, NetCDF (CF), SD and XYZ
- Web services: WMS, WMTS, WFS, and WCS
- Based upon circa 9.400 bathymetric surveys, composite DTMs, and Satellite Derived Bathymetry datasets

## Source references

L4



Layer containing the data sources used in the construction of the DTM.

Contains direct links to the CDI Data Discovery and Access service for survey datasets and the Sextant Catalogue service for composite DTMs and Satellite Derived Bathymetry data products. These services give metadata, and the CDI Service also facilitates requesting access to survey datasets.

- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Depth contours

L5

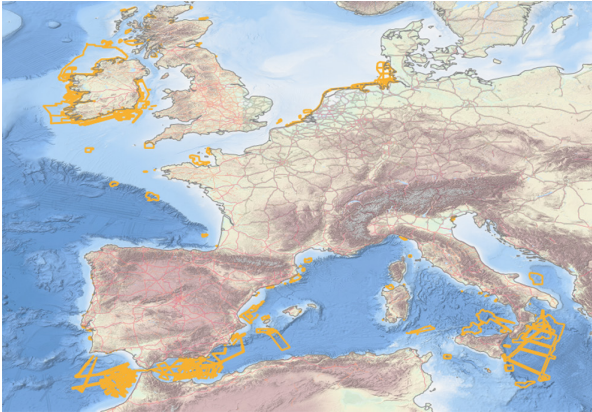


Contours based on the average depth. The contours are shown for the following depths: 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, and 5000 meter.

- Web services: WMS, WFS

## High-resolution DTMs

L5



Layer in the Bathymetry Viewing service containing circa 190 High Resolution DTMs that have been generated by data providers. The resolution of HR-DTMs varies between 1/32 and 1/512 arc minutes, depending on local data policy of data providers. The HR-DTM layer allows to zoom in deeper than the common DTM layer and HR-DTMs can be interrogated for metadata and downloaded as data files.

## Best-estimate European digital coastlines

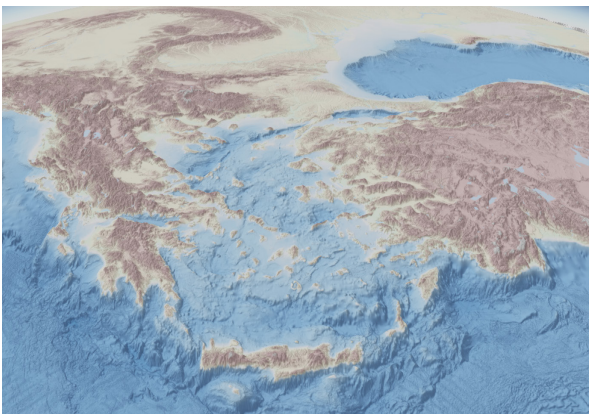
L5



Layer in the Bathymetry Viewing service containing best-estimate coastlines for the European seas at LAT (Lowest Astronomical Tide), MSL (Mean-Sea-Level), and MHW (Mean-High-Water). These were determined from satellite data (typically Sentinel-2 and Landsat-8) in combination with the Global Tide Surge Model (GTSM). The level of detail is bound to the resolution of the satellite sensor (e.g. 10m for Sentinel-2). These satellite derived coastlines can also be downloaded with documentation from the EMODnet Bathymetry portal.

## 3D-viewing of the EMODnet DTM

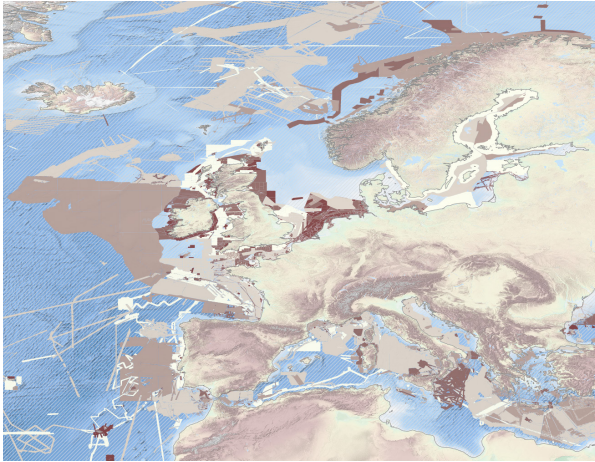
L5



Extra functionality has been added to the Bathymetry Viewing service for 3D visualisation of the latest EMODnet DTM.

## Quality Index layer

L4



A new layer in the Bathymetry Viewing service, linked to the Source References layer. It gives maps of the used survey datasets by:

- QI\_Age: provides an indication of how old the survey of DTM is (4 options)
- QI\_Purpose: provides an indication of the purpose of the survey (4 options)
- QI\_Vertical: an indication of the vertical accuracy (5 options)
- QI\_Horizontal: an indication of the horizontal accuracy (4 options)
- Combined quality indicator

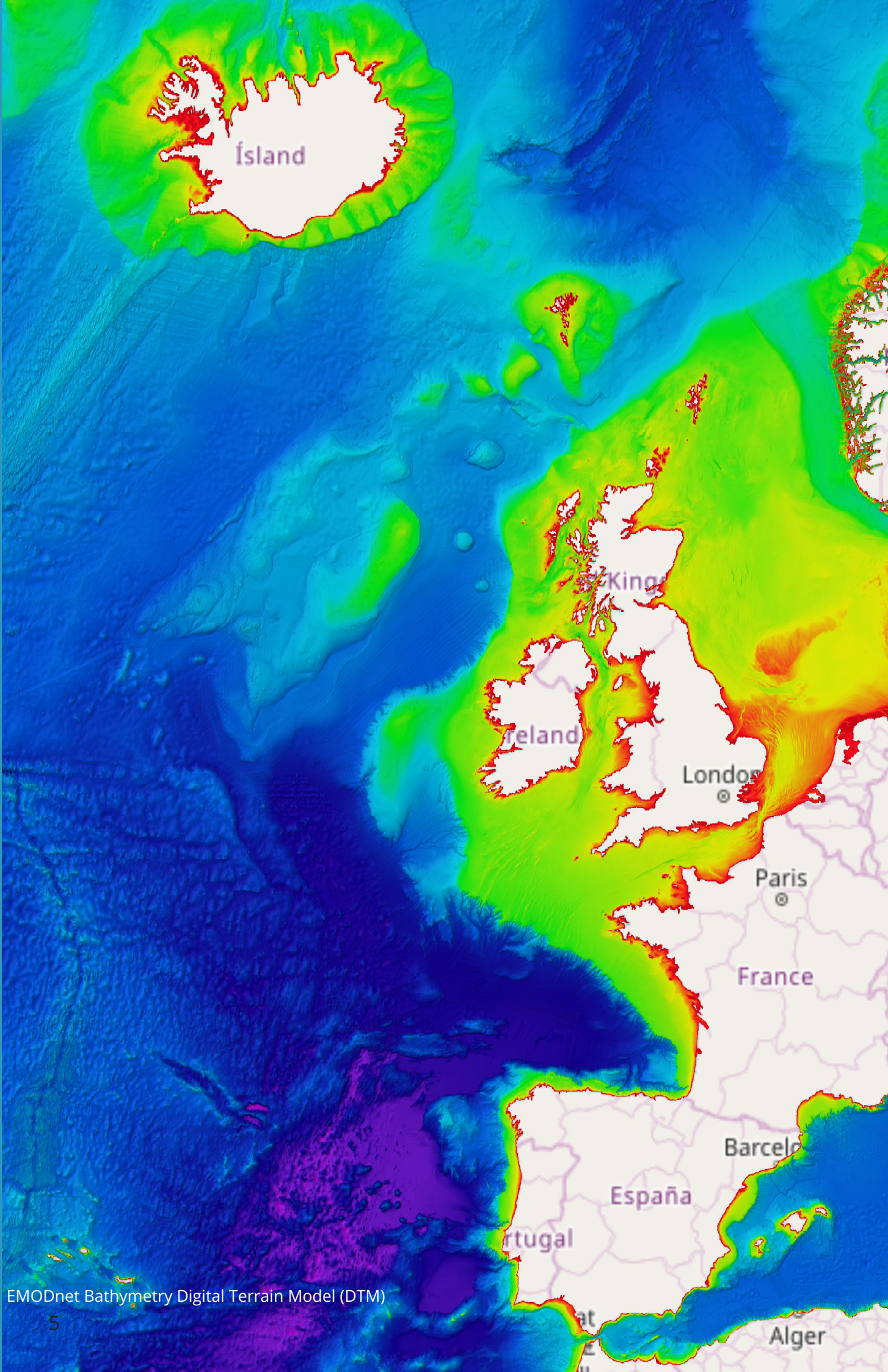
## Inventory of official coastlines and baselines

L5

An inventory and report of baseline and coastline data as collected from 21 national authorities in Europe. It describes the information available per country, the resolution, the source of the data and the institute providing/hosting the data. This can be downloaded from the EMODnet Bathymetry portal together with shapefiles of the baselines and coastlines.

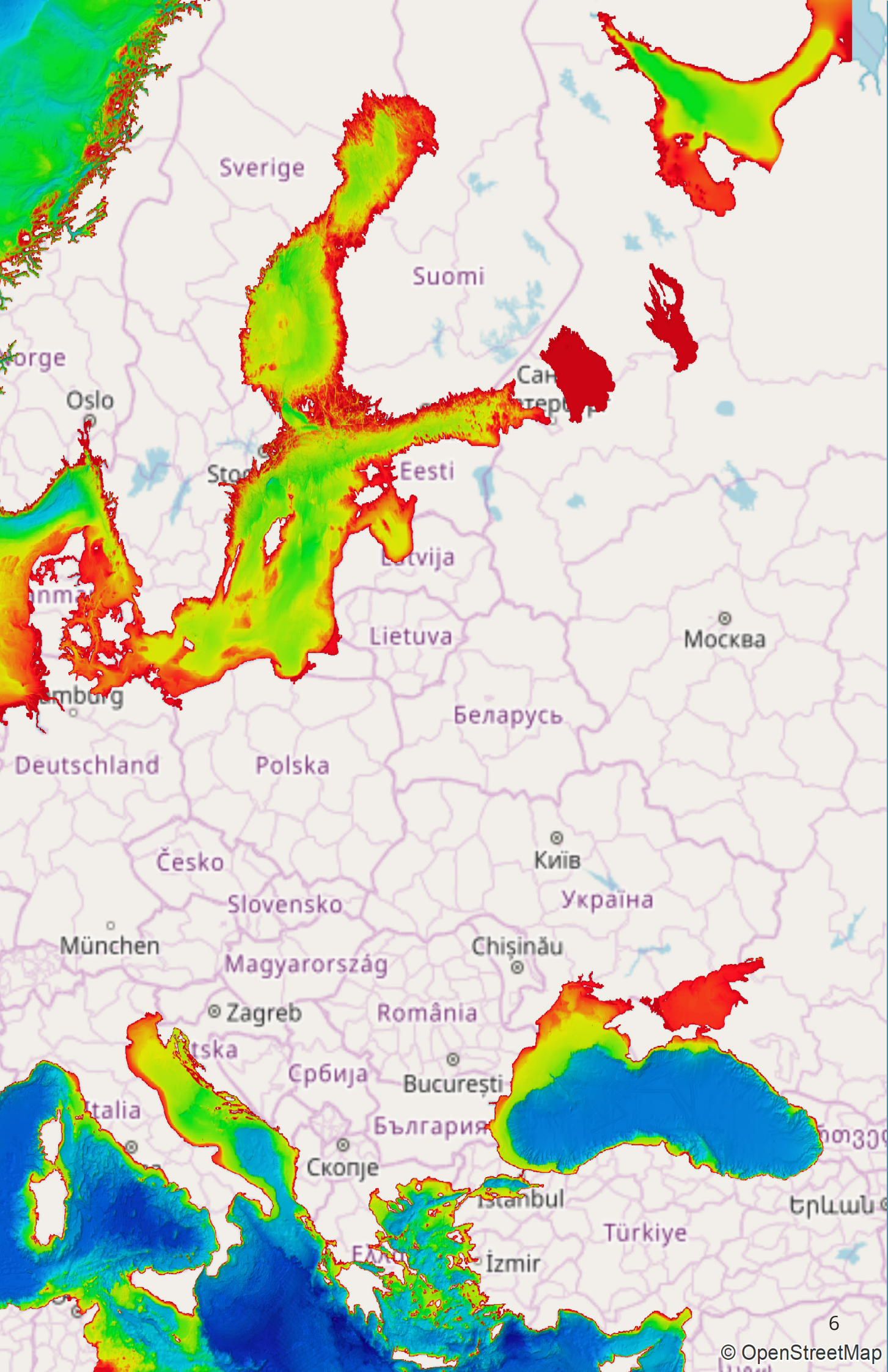
More information on the data and data products of EMODnet Bathymetry can be found scanning this QR code, or at [www.emodnet-bathymetry.eu](http://www.emodnet-bathymetry.eu).





EMODnet Bathymetry Digital Terrain Model (DTM)





Sverige

Suomi

Oslo

Stockholm

Eesti

Latvija

Lietuva

Москва

Беларусь

Deutschland

Polska

Česko

Slovensko

Київ

Україна

München

Magyarország

Chişinău

Zagreb

România

Italia

Србија

Bucureşti

Скопје

България

Istanbul

Türkiye

İzmir

## Parameters and data formats

L3

### Parameter groups

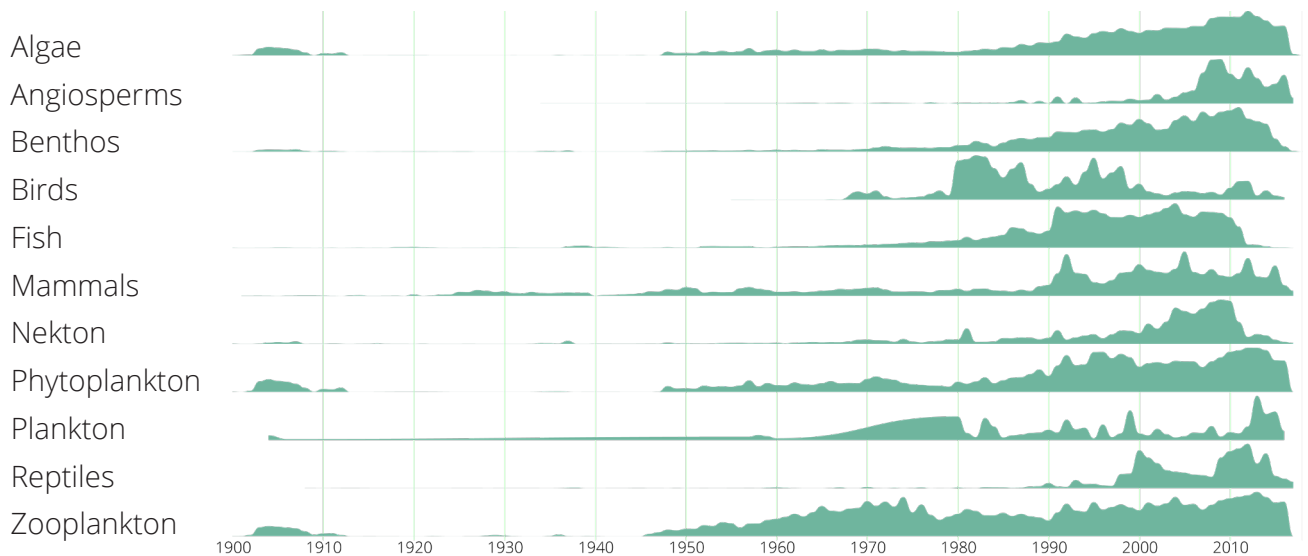
- Species occurrences: location, date, depth
- Biological measurements: e.g. abundance, biomass
- Sampling information and methodology
- Specimen characteristics: e.g. length, lifestage, sex
- Abiotic parameters: e.g. sediment type, temperature, salinity

### Data formats

Darwin Core Archive (DwC): occurrence data and measurements can be downloaded as csv, and accessed via WFS web services.

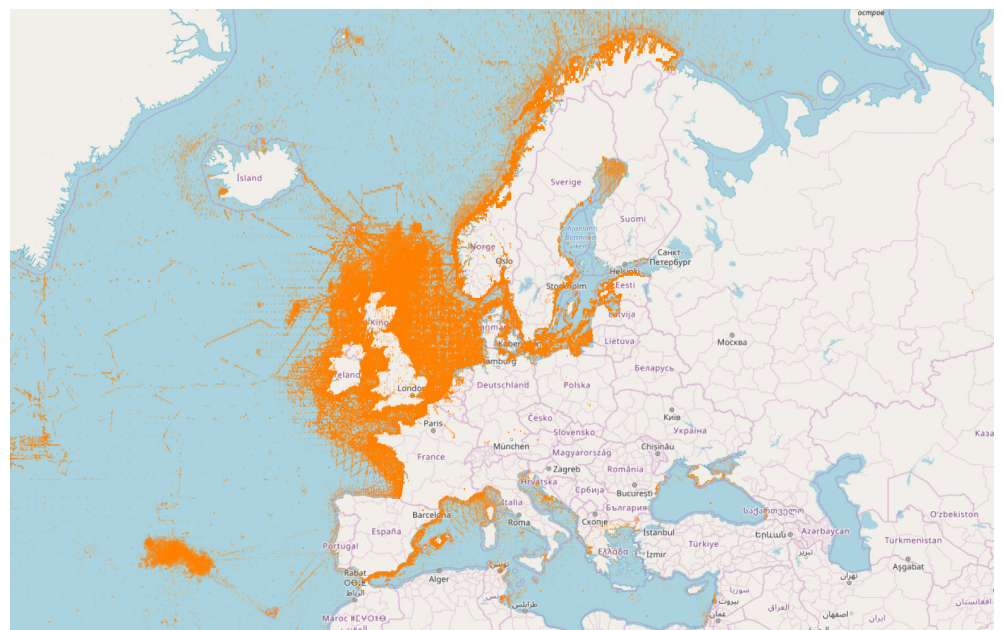
## Coverage and resolution

**Temporal coverage per functional group:** time series of the relative number of records per functional group from 1900 to present. EMODnet Biology/EurOBIS offers species occurrence data that date back to 1526.



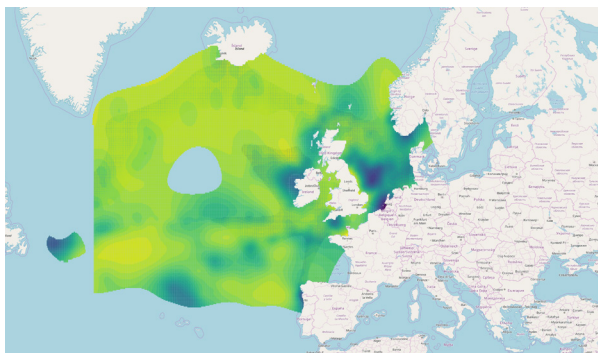
### Spatial coverage

Map showing the location of the distribution records available in EMODnet Biology/EurOBIS to date: currently 1407 datasets representing 38.340.665 occurrence records, from 87.807 species names.



## Phytoplankton biomass and diversity

L5



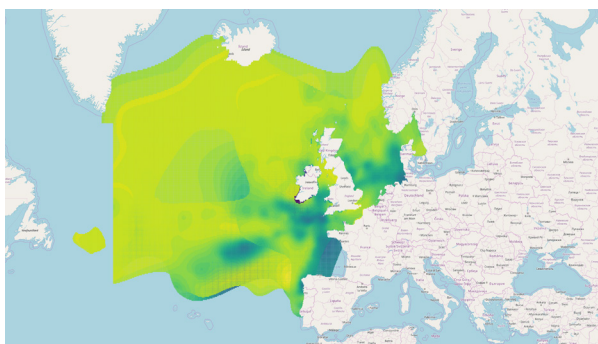
Gridded maps of average abundance of different species or species groups.

- Temporal coverage: 1958 – 2016
- Temporal resolution: seasonal, annual or multi-annual
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Taxonomic coverage: phytoplankton species and functional groups
- Web services: WMS, WFS

Example map: diatoms abundance.

## Zooplankton biomass and diversity

L5



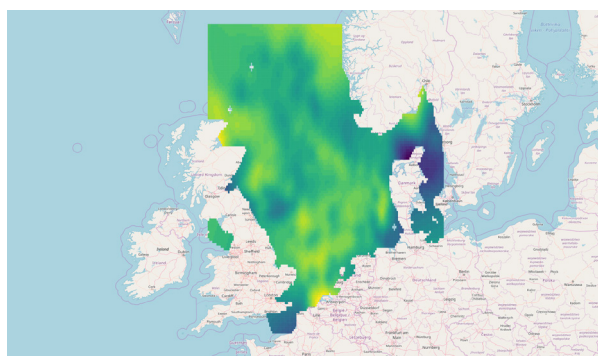
Gridded abundance maps of the six most abundant copepod species collected with the Continuous Plankton Recorder (CPR).

- Temporal coverage: 1958 – 2016
- Temporal resolution: 10-year and 1-year averages
- Taxonomic coverage: *Calanus h.*, *Calanus f.*, *Acartia* spp., *Oithona s.*, *Temora l.*, *Metridia l.*
- Temporal resolution: seasonal
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Web services: WMS, WFS

Example map: *Calanus helgolandicus*.

## Fish abundance and distribution

L5



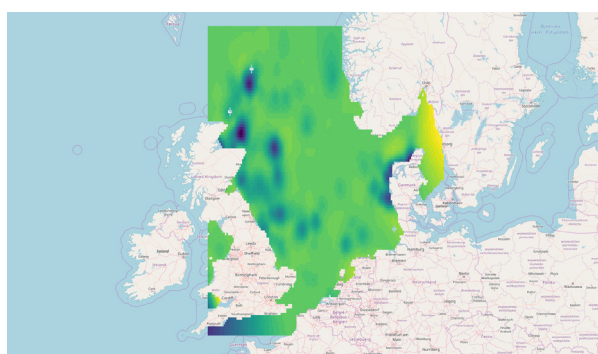
Gridded maps of average abundance of different species or species groups.

- Temporal coverage: 1980 – 2013
- Temporal resolution: annual or multi-annual
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Taxonomic coverage: *Gadus morhua*, *Clupea harengus*, *Engraulis encrasicolus*, *Scomber scombrus*, *Sprattus sprattus*
- Web services: WMS, WFS

Example map: *Gadus morhua*.

## Marine turtles, birds, mammals abundance and distribution

L5



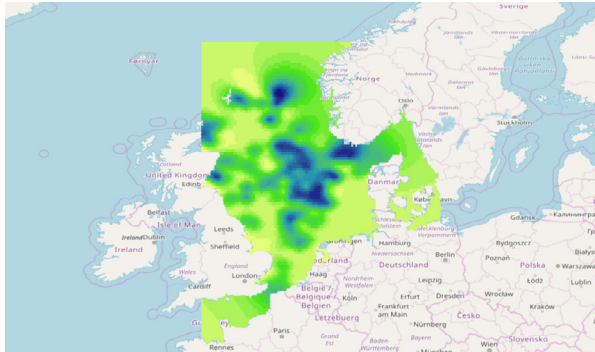
Gridded maps of average abundance of different species or species groups.

- Temporal coverage: 1998 – 1999, 1995 – 1997, and 1980 – 1989
- Temporal resolution: annual or multi-annual
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Taxonomic coverage: seabirds, reptiles, marine mammals
- Web services: WMS, WFS

Example map: *Phocoena phocoena*.

## Benthic invertebrate abundance and distribution

L5



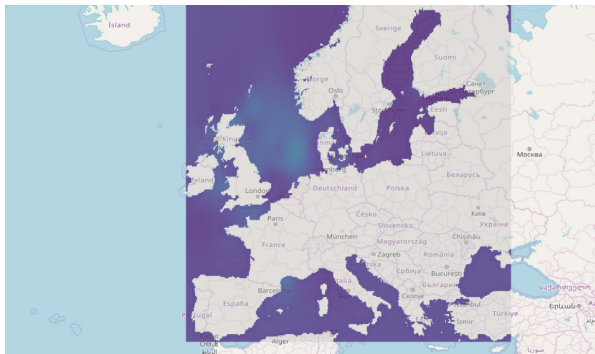
Gridded maps of average abundance of different species or species groups.

- Temporal coverage: 1986 – 2013
- Temporal resolution: annual or multi-annual
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Taxonomic coverage: *Abra prismatica*, *Amphiura filiformis*, *Bathyporeia elegans*, *Chaetozo ne setosa*, etc.
- Web services: WMS, WFS

Example: map *Abra prismatica*.

## Macrobenthos functional trait based analysis

L6

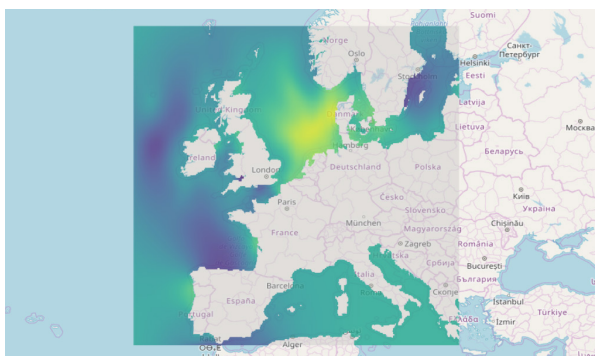


This series of products displays the main functional types of seafloor macroinvertebrates derived from a multivariate analysis of 13 life history traits defined on 617 taxa (illustrative map: vulnerability to physical damage). Other maps display scores for each of the 60 trait modalities aggregated over absolute and relative organism densities averaged per spatial location.

- Temporal resolution: 1 year – several decades
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Taxonomic coverage: macrozoobenthos

## Fish functional trait based analysis

L6



This series of products displays the main functional types and four main living modes of benthic and benthopelagic fish species derived from a multivariate analysis of eight life history traits defined on 161 taxa (illustrative map: relative abundance of small pelagic fish). Other maps display scores for each of the trait modalities aggregated over absolute and relative densities averaged per spatial location.

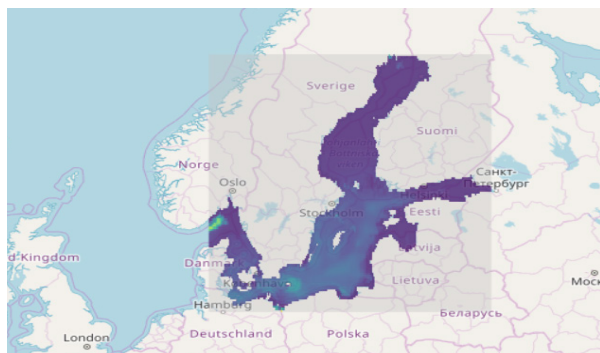
- Temporal resolution: decadal (2000 - )
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Taxonomic coverage: benthic and benthopelagic fish

More information on the data and data products of EMODnet Biology can be found scanning this QR code, or at [www.emodnet-biology.eu](http://www.emodnet-biology.eu).



## Neural network modelling of Baltic zooplankton abundances

L6



These Baltic Sea products are gridded data products for 40 zooplankton species using a neural network modelling approach. The neural network uses dissolved oxygen, salinity, temperature, chlorophyll concentration, bathymetry and the distance from coast as input. (illustrative map: *Acartia longiremis* in 2007).

- Temporal resolution: 2007, 2008, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Taxonomic coverage: zooplankton

## Other products

- Thermal niche maps: Summaries of the environmental temperatures at which European marine species have been observed to occur, aggregated and gridded to give average thermal affinities of assemblages of major functional groups (benthos, zooplankton, macroalgae, etc.) at a 0.5 degree resolution. These are compared against current and future temperature projections under different 'IPCC scenarios'.
- Time series analysis: Workflows using phyto- and zooplankton timeseries data to show the evolution over time of depth-averaged abundance of major groups of species, as well as the most frequent species. An interactive dynamic multivariate representation of the communities shows the long-term trend as a shift in yearly and seasonal fluctuation.
- Invasive marine species: Maps showing the occurrences of marine invasive species in European marine harbours based on EurOBIS data, in order to identify same risk areas.



© Jeremy Bishop

## Parameters and data formats

L3

### Parameter groups

- Acidity
- Antifoulants
- Chlorophyll
- Dissolved gasses
- Fertilisers
- Heavy metals
- Hydrocarbons
- Marine litter
- Organic matter
- Pesticides and biocides
- Polychlorinated biphenyls
- Radionuclides
- Silicates

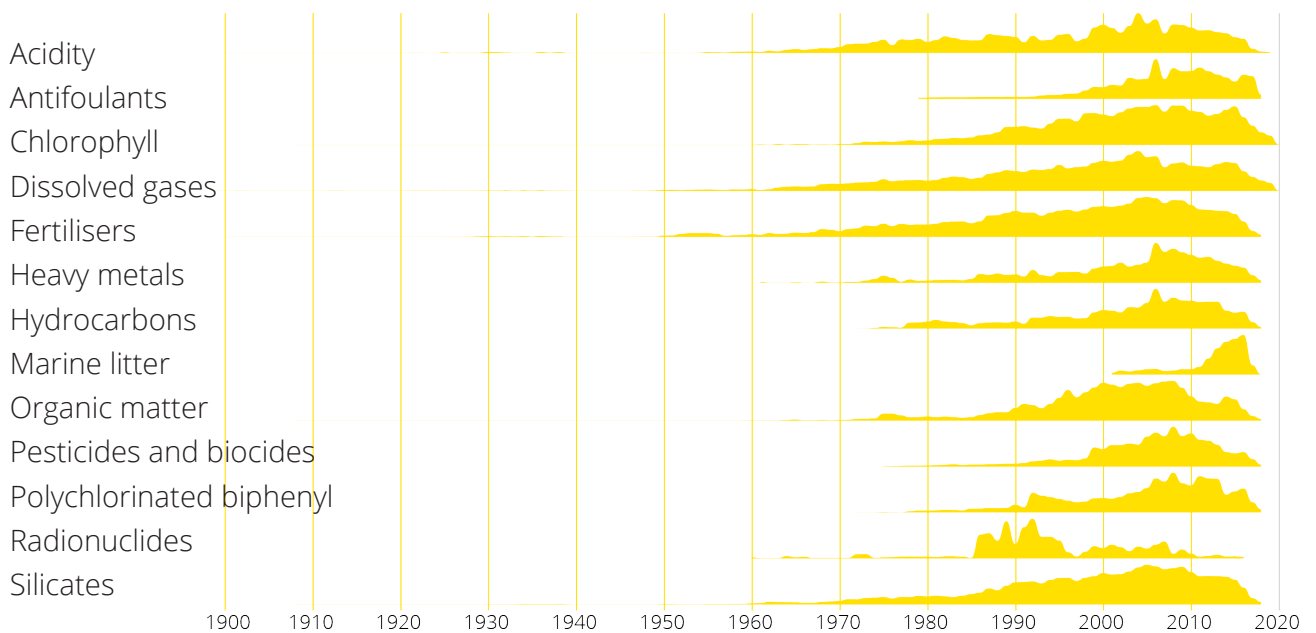
The parameters might have a depth and time component.

### Data formats

ASCII (ODV4, MedAtlas and .csv), spreadsheet (.xlsx), NetCDF (CF)

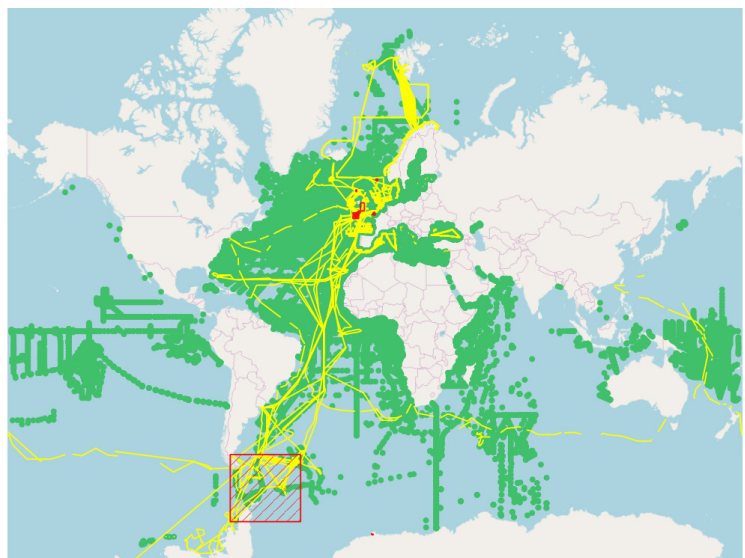
## Coverage and resolution

**Temporal coverage:** time series of the relative number of datasets per parameter group.



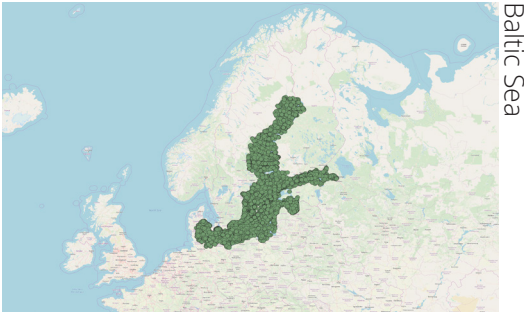
### Spatial coverage

Distribution of the available datasets (CDIs) in EMODnet Chemistry.

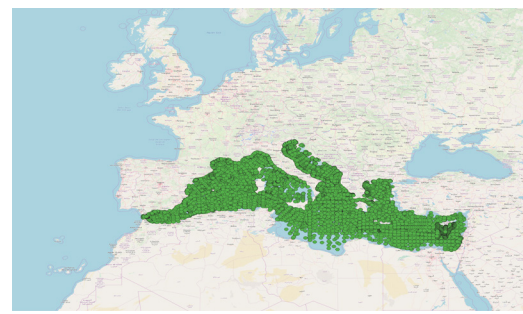


## Eutrophication, Ocean acidification aggregated datasets v2018 L4

Standardised, harmonised and validated data collections concerning eutrophication (nutrients, chlorophyll and oxygen) and ocean acidification (Alkalinity and pH) available per sea region (Mediterranean Sea, Black Sea, Arctic Region, Baltic Sea, North Sea and North East Atlantic Ocean)\*. Available to download as ODV spreadsheet format that can be easily visualised with ODV Software (more information can be found at: <https://www.seadatanet.org/Software/ODV>).



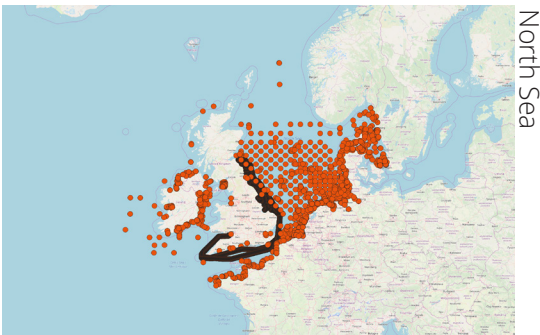
Baltic Sea



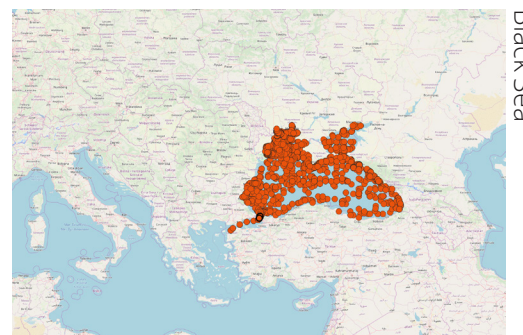
Mediterranean Sea

## Contaminants aggregated datasets v2018 L4

Standardised, harmonised and validated data collections concerning contaminants Antifoulants, Hydrocarbons, Heavy metals, Polychlorinated biphenyls, Pesticides and biocides and Radionuclides in seawater, biota and sediment available per sea region (Mediterranean Sea, Black Sea, Arctic Region, Baltic Sea, North Sea and North East Atlantic Ocean)\*. Available to download as ODV spreadsheet format that can be easily visualised with ODV Software (more information can be found at: <https://www.seadatanet.org/Software/ODV>).



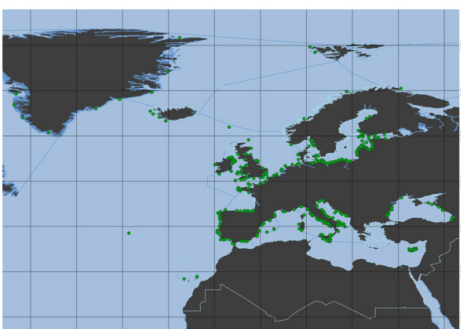
North Sea



Black Sea

## Marine litter aggregated datasets v2019 L4

Standardised and harmonised data collections concerning beach and seafloor litter. The harmonised datasets for beach litter can be downloaded as EMODnet Beach litter data format Version 1.0, which is a spreadsheet file composed of 4 sheets: beach metadata, survey metadata, animals and litter. Regarding seafloor litter, the collection can be downloaded as EMODnet Sea-floor litter data format Version 1.0, which is a .csv file (tab separated values).



\*Note that DOIs are available for all sea-basin's dataset per groups of parameters

## Regional gridded maps of 6-year analysis of nutrients, dissolved oxygen and chlorophyll concentration L5

Moving 6-year analysis, at seasonal scale, of water body chlorophyll-a, dissolved oxygen, dissolved inorganic nitrogen (DIN), phosphate and silicate concentration, available at distinct depth layers, for the Arctic Region, North East Atlantic Ocean, Baltic Sea, North Sea, Mediterranean Sea and Black Sea, implemented following MSFD board guidelines.

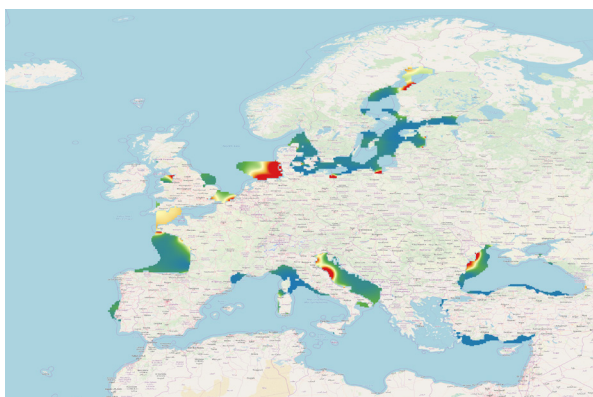
### Chlorophyll-a L5



Regional gridded maps of water body chlorophyll-a available as 6-year analysis and combined for all EU basins.

- Temporal coverage: 1980 – 2017\*
- Temporal resolution: seasonal
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Depth coverage: -1000 – 0 m
- Unit: mg/m<sup>3</sup>
- Available to download as: NetCDF
- Web services: WMS, OPeNDAP

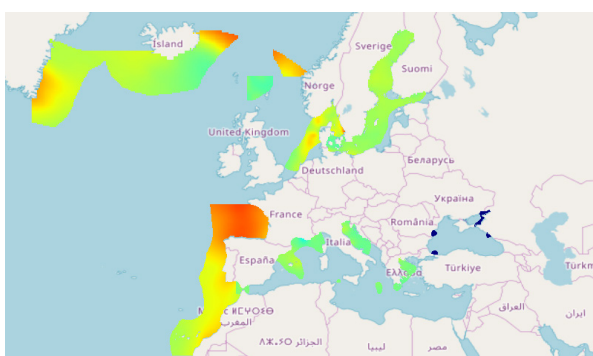
### Dissolved inorganic nitrogen (DIN) L5



Regional gridded maps of water body dissolved inorganic nitrogen (DIN) available as 6-year analysis and combined for all EU basins.

- Temporal coverage: 1980 – 2017\*
- Temporal resolution: seasonal
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Depth coverage: -1000 – 0 m
- Unit: μmol/l
- Available to download as: NetCDF
- Web services: WMS, OPeNDAP

### Dissolved oxygen L5



Regional gridded maps of water body dissolved oxygen available as 6-year analysis and combined for all EU basins.

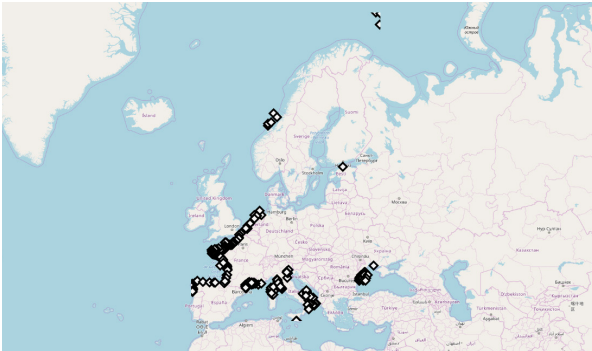
- Temporal coverage: 1980 – 2017\*
- Temporal resolution: seasonal
- Spatial resolution: 0.1 degree
- Depth coverage: -1000 – 0 m
- Unit: μmol/l
- Available to download as: NetCDF
- Web services: WMS, OPeNDAP

\*Note that actual values are sea-basin and parameter dependent.

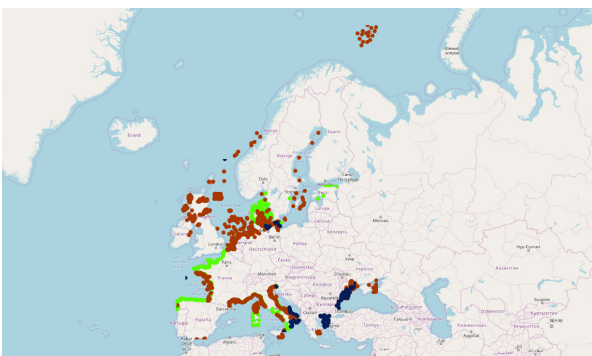


## Maps of 10 selected contaminants

L5



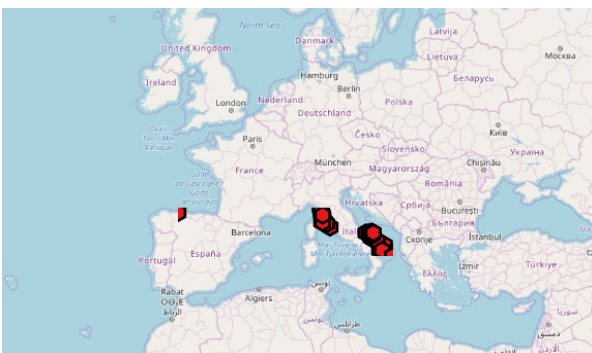
Harmonised, validated and, subsequently, analysed and aggregated datasets are represented in the new maps for contaminants. These maps show data spatial distribution and contribute to the evaluation of data quality and adequacy for environmental quality assessment. Products, focused on ten different substances, display data below and above Limit of Quantification (LOQ), data with LOQ above or below 30 percent of EQSD threshold values, as well as the information on the sampled matrix.



- Temporal coverage: 1970 – 2017
- Temporal resolution: annual
- Available to download as: compressed Shapefile and PNG
- Web services: WMS, WFS

Example maps:

- Anthracene stations above/below LOQ/LOD (upper)
- Anthracene Matrix: biota, sediment and water stations (middle)
- Benzo[A]pyrene: LOD/LOQ values in biota not compliant to EQSD (lower)



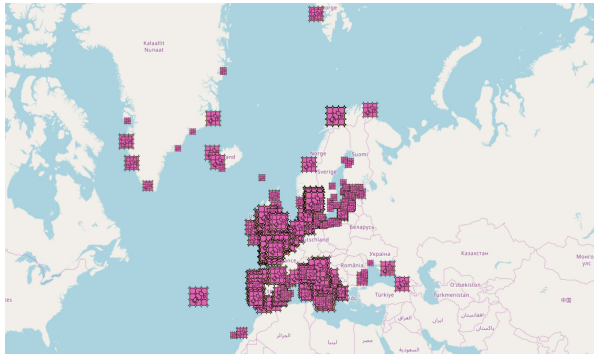
## Marine litter maps for beach and seabed litter

L4

- Web services (for all): WFS

### Beach litter (2001 – 2018)

- Official monitoring
  - Beaches locations and litter list used
  - Number surveys & temporal coverage
  - Mean total number of litter items per 100m & to 1 survey
  - Composition of litter according to material categories in percent
  - Mean number of Cigarette related items per 100m & to 1 survey - without UNEP\_MARLIN
  - Mean number of Cigarette related items per 100m & to 1 survey - UNEP\_MARLIN
  - Mean number of Fishing related items per 100m & to 1 survey  
(example map)
  - Mean number of Plastic bags related items per 100m & to 1 survey



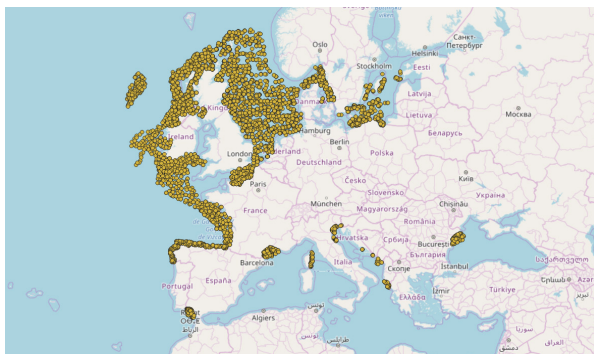
- Other sources

- Beaches locations and litter list used
- Number surveys & temporal coverage
- Mean total number of litter items per 100m & to 1 survey
- Composition of litter according to material categories in percent
- Mean number of Cigarette related items per 100m & to 1 survey - without UNEP\_MARLIN
- Mean number of Fishing related items per 100m & to 1 survey  
(example map)
- Mean number of Plastic bags related items per 100m & to 1 survey  
(example map)



### Seafloor litter (2006 – 2018)

- Trawls locations
- Density (Nb. Items/km<sup>2</sup>)  
(example map)
- Material categories percentage per year
- Fishing related items density (Nb. Items/km<sup>2</sup>)
- Plastic bags density (Nb. Items/km<sup>2</sup>)



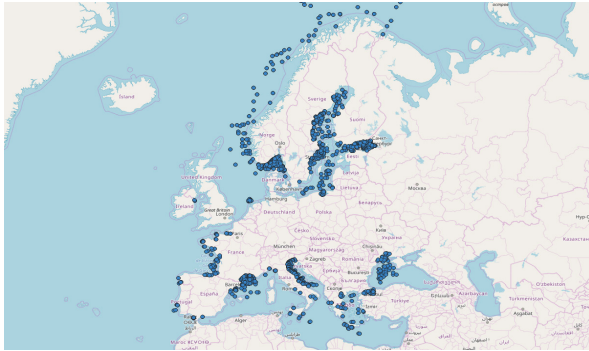
More information on the data and data products of EMODnet Chemistry can be found scanning this QR code, or at [www.emodnet-chemistry.eu](http://www.emodnet-chemistry.eu).





© NOAA

## Sedimentation rates

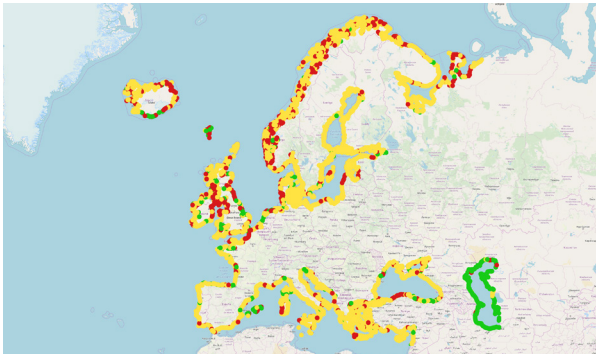


Sedimentation rate map of the European Seas. The attribute table contains sediment accumulation rates expressed in cm/year, together with sampling information.

- Available to download as: ESRI file geodatabase
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Coastal behaviour via satellite data

L5

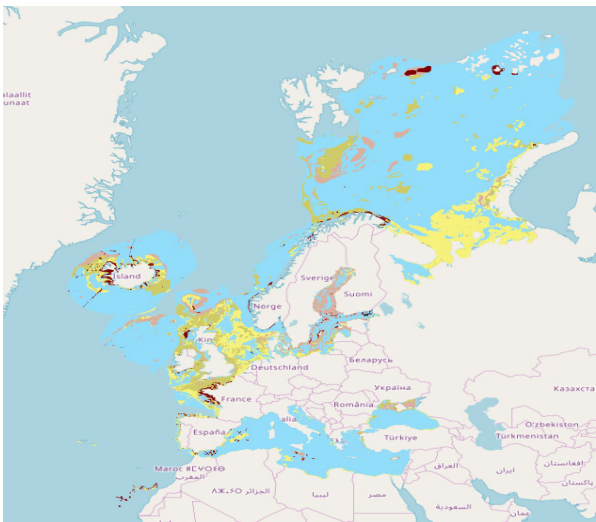


Shoreline-migration map allows users to visualise pan-European coastal behaviour for 2007-2017 at different spatial scales. Three coastal migration classes are defined – erosion, stable, and accretion – which are accompanied by the level of accuracy (e.g. estimated, confirmed, no information).

- Available to download as: GeoJSON
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Seabed substrates

L6

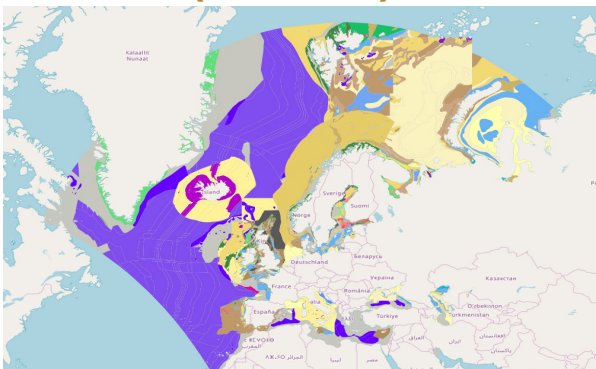


Multiscale maps of seabed substrates at scales 1:1M, 1:250k, 1:100k and 1:50k. The substrate classes are defined on basis of the modified Folk sediment triangle. At minimum level the data includes following 5 classes: mud to muddy sand, sand, coarse substrate, mixed sediment, rock and boulders.

- Scale: 1/1.000.000, 1/250.000, 1/100.000, 1/50.000
- Available to download as: ESRI file geodatabase
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Seafloor (bedrock)

L6

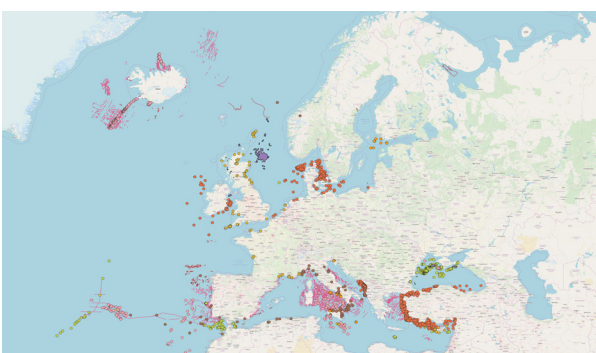


Seafloor stratigraphy, lithology and fault maps representing the marine pre-Quaternary geological units, their age, structure and physical characteristics.

- Multiresolution scale: 1/100.000 – 1/5.000.000
- Available to download as: ESRI file geodatabase
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Geological event distribution

L6

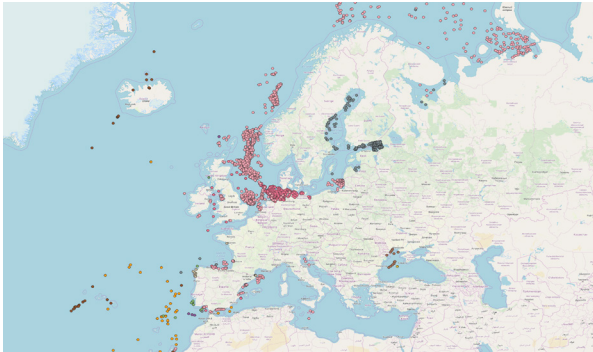


Geographical distribution of all significant geological events such as submarine landslides, fluid emissions, tectonics, earthquakes, tsunamis and volcanoes identified by their characteristics which are detailed in the attribute tables of the GIS layers.

- Multiresolution scale: 1/250.000, 1/100.000
- Available to download as: ESRI shapefile
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Mineral occurrences

L6

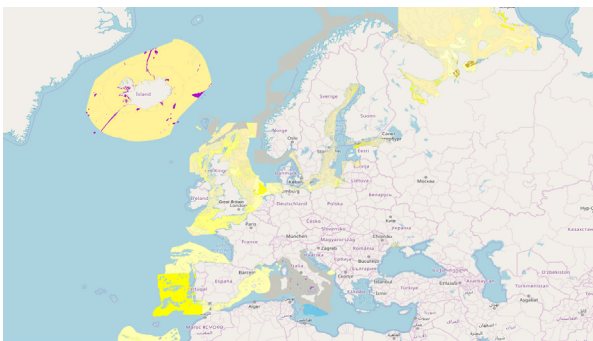


Information on known marine mineral occurrences in European seas. Comprising marine aggregates, hydrocarbons, gas hydrates, placers, phosphorites, evaporites, polymetallic sulphides, polymetallic nodules, cobalt rich ferromanganese crust, metal rich sediment, and vein hosted mineralisation.

- Available to download as: ESRI shapefile
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Quaternary geological units

L6

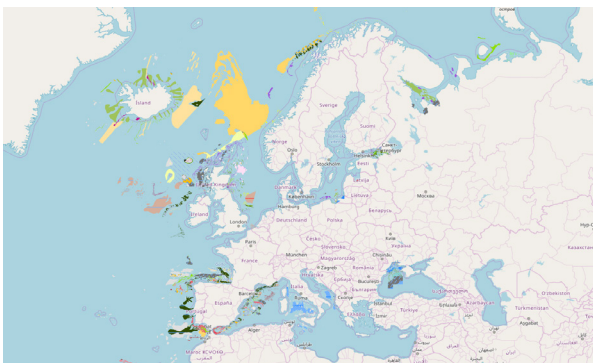


Upper seafloor stratigraphy, lithology, and genesis maps representing the youngest marine Quaternary geological units, their age, genesis and physical characteristics.

- Multiresolution scale: 1/20.000 – 1/3.000.000
- Available to download as: ESRI file geodatabase
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Geomorphology

L6



Maps showing the geomorphology of the seafloor representing the "marine landscape" *i.e.* physiographic features (e.g. ridges, troughs, sea mounts, marine landforms) and their genesis.

- Multiresolution scale: 1/10.000 – 1/16.000.000
- Available to download as: ESRI file geodatabase
- Web services: WMS, WFS

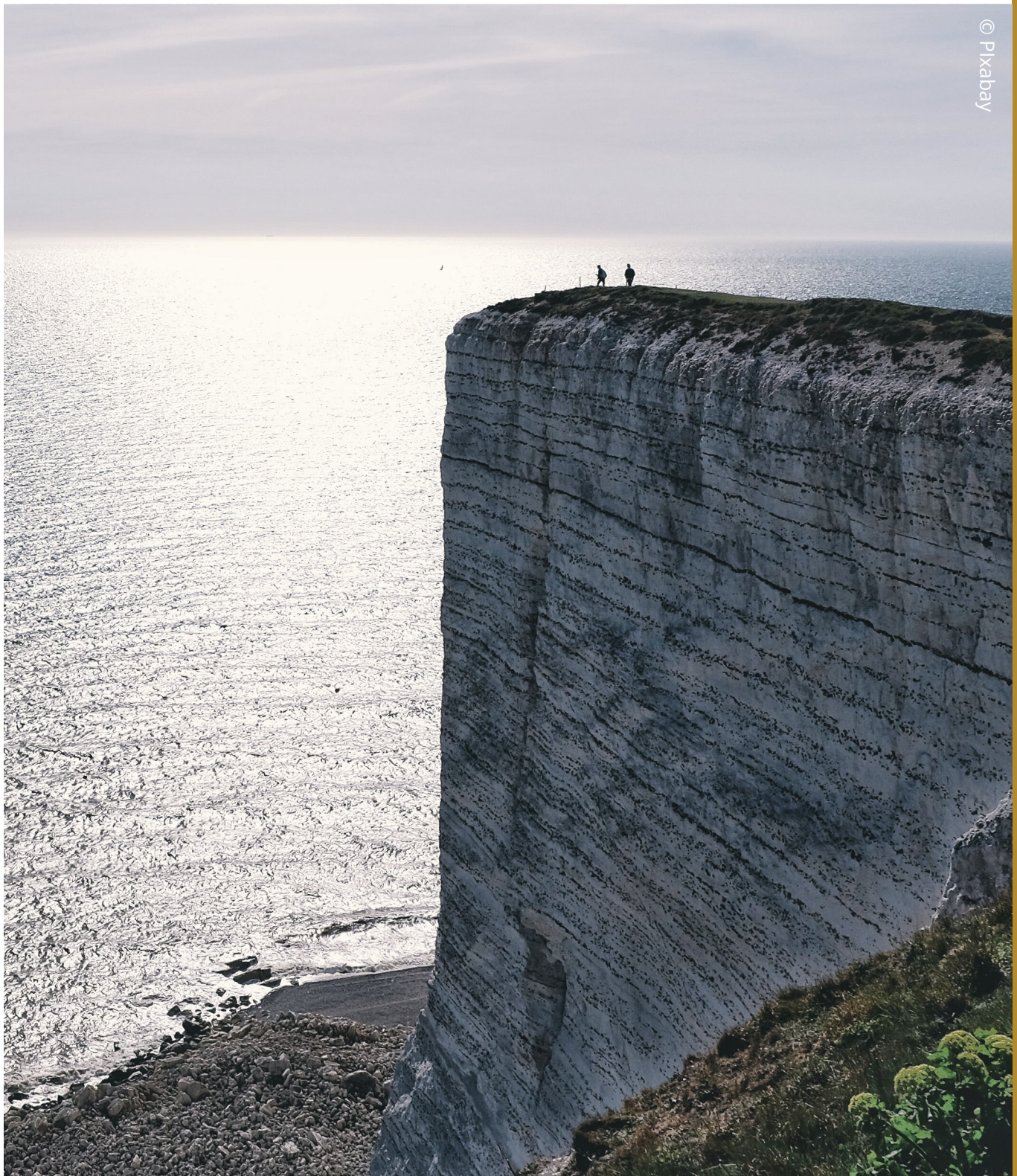
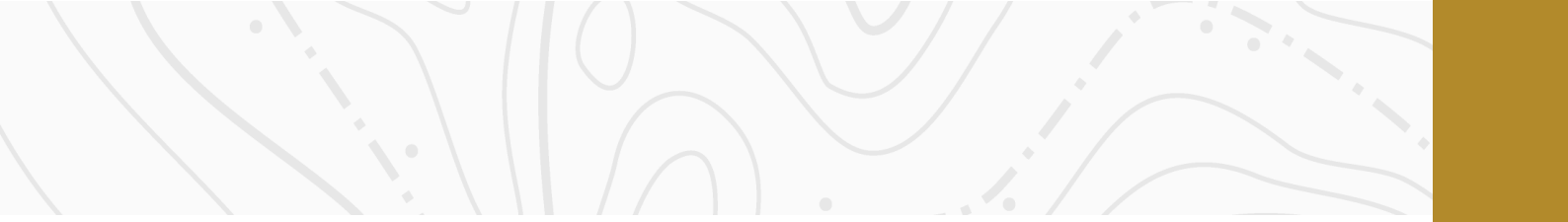
## Submerged landscapes

L6



This new data product released in April 2019, represents the geological known hidden landscapes in Europe. It includes more than 10.000 features representing 26 classes of submerged landscape and palaeoenvironmental indicators ranging from mapped and modelled palaeo-coastlines, evidence for submerged forests and peats, thickness of post-Last Glacial Maximum sediments and submerged freshwater springs.

- Available to download as: ESRI file geodatabase
- Web services: WMS, WFS



© Pixabay

More information on the data and data products of EMODnet Geology can be found scanning this QR code, or at [www.emodnet-geology.eu](http://www.emodnet-geology.eu).



## Parameters and data formats

L4

### Themes and subthemes

- Aggregate extraction
- Algae production: macroalgae, microalgae, Spirulina
- Aquaculture: finfish, shellfish and freshwater production
- Cables: telecommunications cables, landing stations
- Cultural heritage: ship wrecks, lighthouses, submerged prehistoric archaeology and landscape
- Dredging sites
- Environment: Natura 2000 areas, nationally designated areas, state of bathing water
- Fisheries: ICES statistical areas, FAO fishery statistical area, fish catches by FAO fishery statistical areas, fish sales, fishing effort, fishing intensity
- Oil and Gas: active licences, boreholes, offshore installations
- Nuclear power plants
- Ocean energy facilities: project locations and test sites
- Other forms of area management / designation: advisory councils, international conventions, maritime boundaries, MSFD reporting units, Exclusive Economic Zones
- Pipelines
- Traffic in main ports
- Waste disposal: dredge spoil dumping, dumped munitions, port reception facilities, urban wastewater discharge points and treatment plants
- Wind farms

### Data formats

ESRI shapefile, ESRI File Geodatabase, WMS and WFS web services

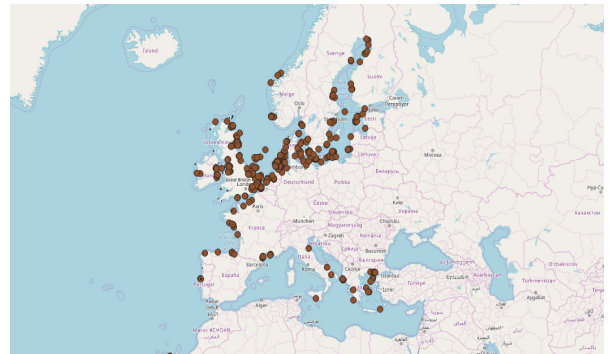
## Coverage and resolution

**Spatial coverage:** the following example maps illustrate the distribution of the respective human activities.

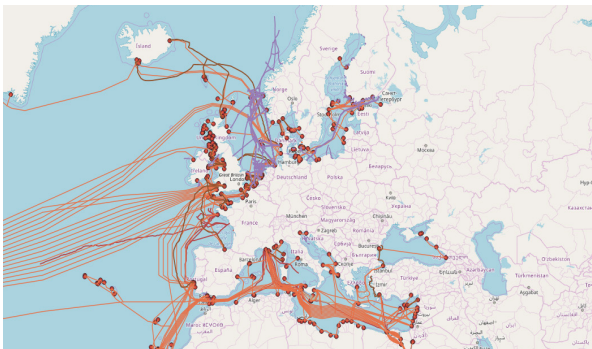
### Dredging, aggregate extraction and offshore platform locations



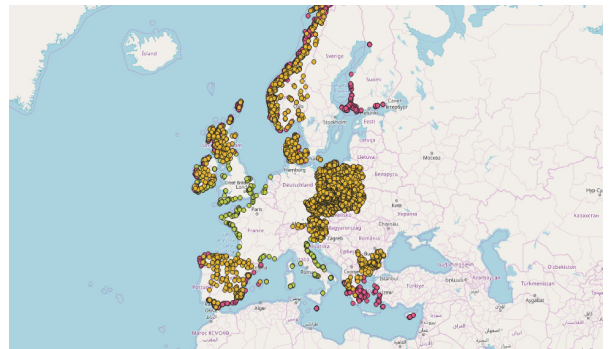
### Energy facilities and wind farms



### Submarine cables and pipelines



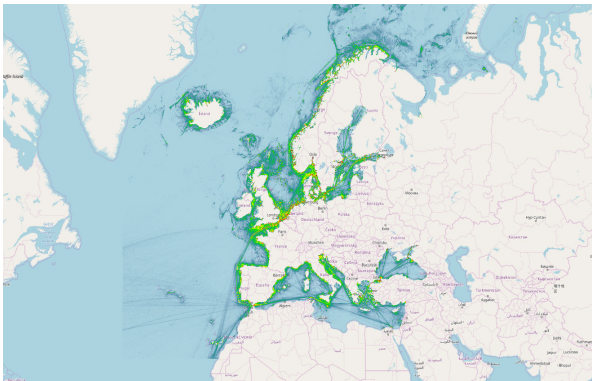
### Finfish, freshwater and shellfish production sites





## Shipping Density

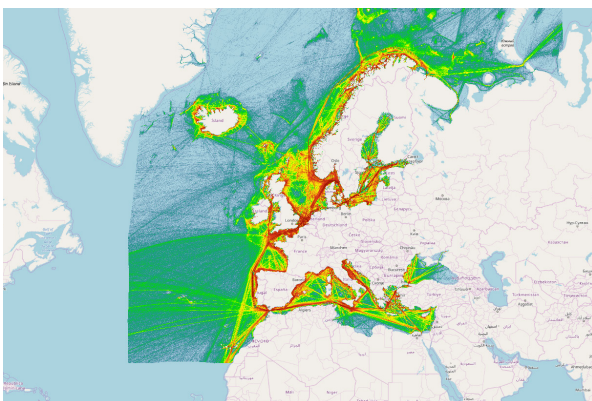
L5



### Vessel Density Maps

Number of hours spent in a grid cell by ship type.

- Temporal coverage: 2017 – 2020
- Temporal resolution: monthly and annual
- Spatial resolution: 1 km<sup>2</sup>
- Available to download as: GeoTIFF
- Web services: WMS, WCS



### Route Density Maps (EMSA)

Number of ship routes in a grid cell by ship type.

- Temporal coverage: 2019 – 2020
- Temporal resolution: monthly, seasonal and annual
- Spatial resolution: 1 km<sup>2</sup>
- Available to download as: GeoTIFF
- Web services: WMS, WCS



© Andy Dingley

More information on the data and data products of EMODnet Human Activities can be found scanning this QR code, or at [www.emodnet-humanactivities.eu](http://www.emodnet-humanactivities.eu).



## Parameters and data formats



### Parameter groups and variables

- Water temperature (°C)
- Water salinity (psu)
- Water conductivity (biogeochemical): dissolved oxygen (kg/m<sup>3</sup>), fluorescence (S/m), turbidity (ml/l), total chlorophyll-a (mg/m<sup>3</sup>), etc.
- Currents and winds (m/s): direction
- River flow (m<sup>3</sup>/s)
- Optical properties: light irradiance surface PAR (micromole photon/m<sup>2</sup>.s), turbidity (milliF.T.U Formza Turb Unit)
- Sea level (m)
- Atmospheric: air temperature (°C), relative humidity (%), atmospheric pressure (decibar, pascal)
- Underwater noise (dB)

**Platform types:** mooring buoys, ARGO profilers, drifting buoys, HF radars, tide stations, river gauging stations, ferrybox and CTD profiles from ships, gliders, marine mammal.

### Data formats

html table, ESRI asc & csv, Google Earth kml, OPeNDAP binary, mat, NetCDF, ODV txt, csv, tsv, json, and xhtml

## Coverage and resolution

**Temporal resolution:** minutes to seasons

**Temporal coverage:** time series of the relative number of datasets per year from 1900 to present. EMODnet Physics also offers historical datasets that date back to 1807.

Atmospheric

Biological parameters

Currents

Optical properties

River run-off

Sea level

Underwater noise

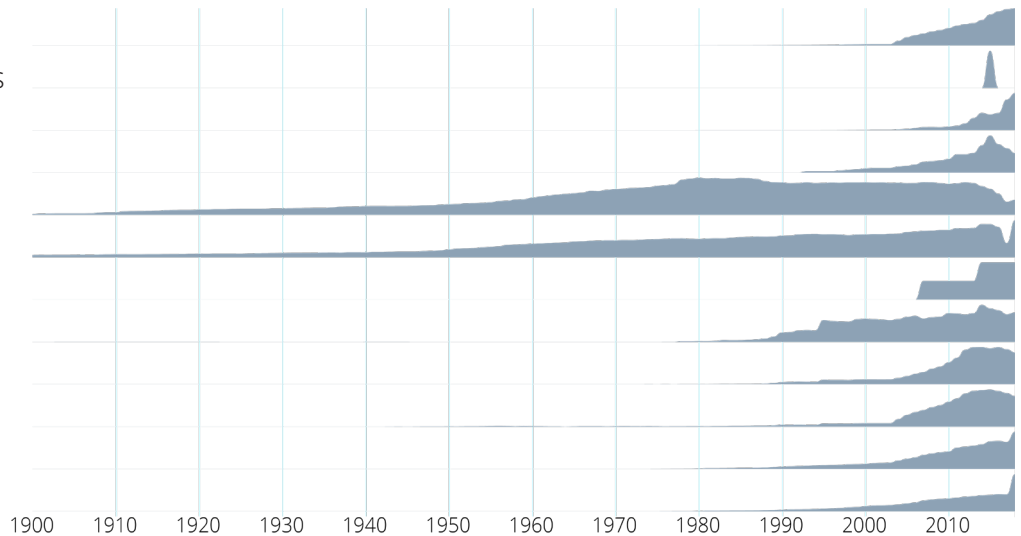
Water conductivity

Water salinity

Water temperature

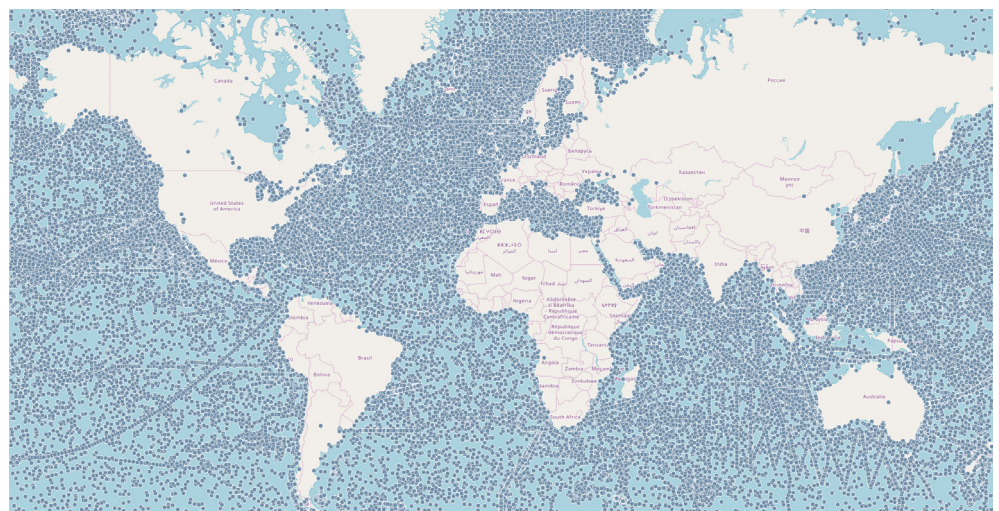
Waves

Winds



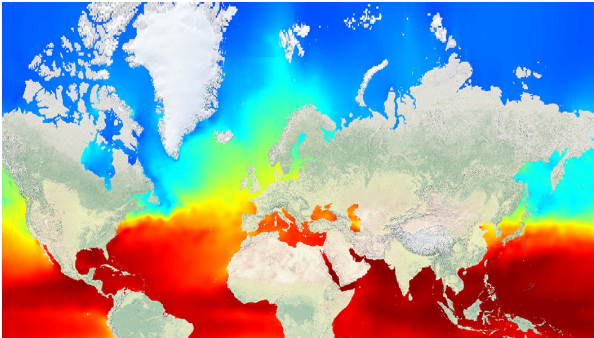
### Spatial coverage

Overview of all the platforms (linked in Physics) that measure or have measured one or more physical variables.



## Temperature

L5

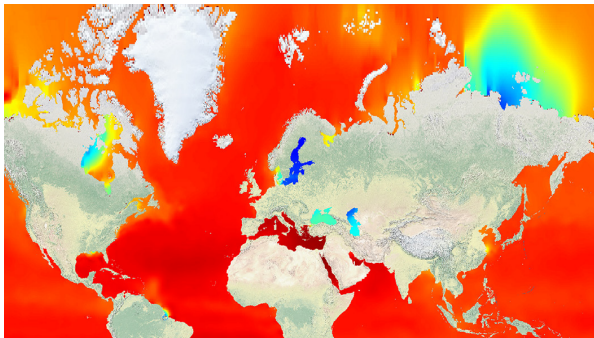


Multi point time series observations, Aggregated data interpolation, Maps.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly to monthly
- Spatial resolution: in situ / 8 – 22 km
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP

## Salinity

L5

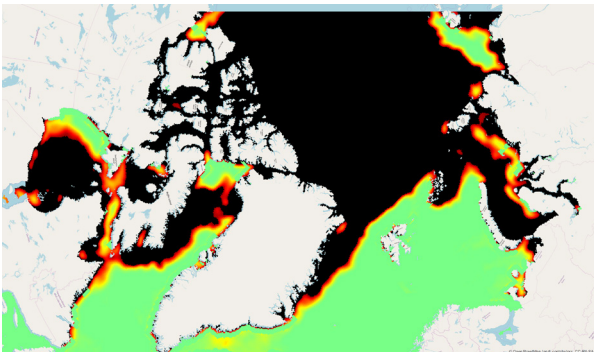


Multi point time series observations, Aggregated data interpolation, Maps.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly to monthly
- Spatial resolution: in situ / 8 – 22 km
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP

## Sea Ice Coverage (Arctic and Antarctic Oceans)

L5



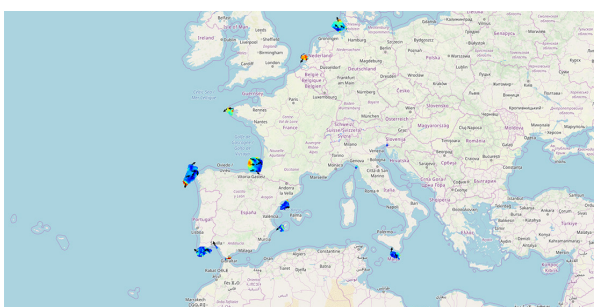
Sea ice coverage for the Arctic and Antarctic Oceans.

- Temporal coverage: 2005 – ongoing
- Spatial resolution: 10 km
- Web services: WMS



## Sea Surface Currents

L5



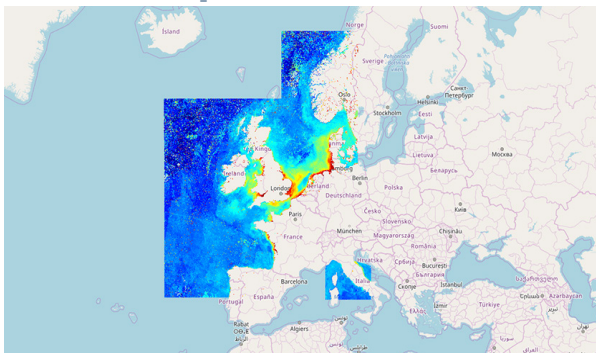
In situ gridded sea surface currents as monitored by High Frequency Radars.

- Temporal coverage: near real time  
Sliding window of 60 days
- Temporal resolution: 1 hour
- Spatial resolution\*: 5 – 150 km
- Available to download as: NetCDF
- Web services: WMS

\*Note that resolutions are sea-basin dependent.

## Total Suspended Matter

L5

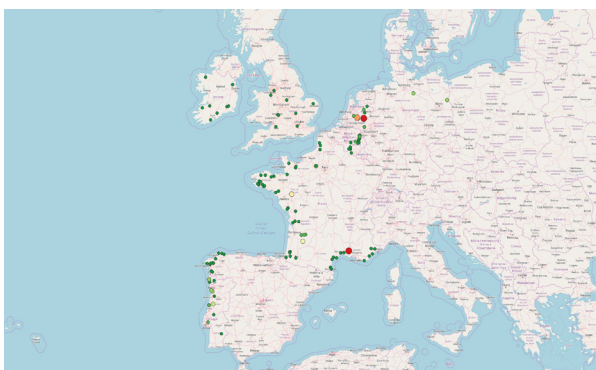


Monthly time series of total suspended matter.

- Temporal coverage: 2012 – 2013
- Temporal resolution\*: 1 month
- Unit: % (suspended particles, that are not dissolved)
- Available to download as: NetCDF
- Web services: WMS, WFS

## River run-off

L5

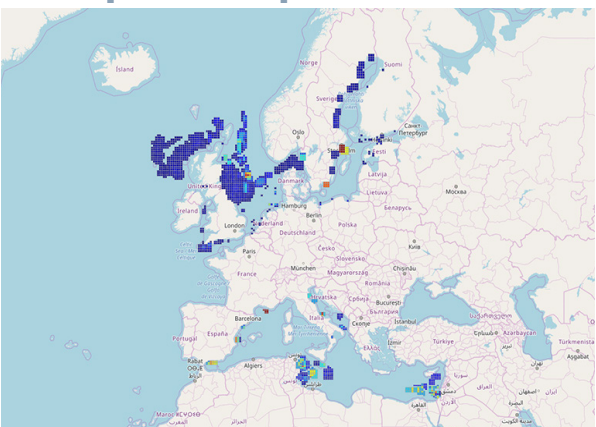


Multi point time series observation, Aggregated data interpolation, Maps.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly to monthly, monthly to annual averages
- Spatial resolution: in situ / sea basin
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP

## European Impulsive Noise Registry

L5



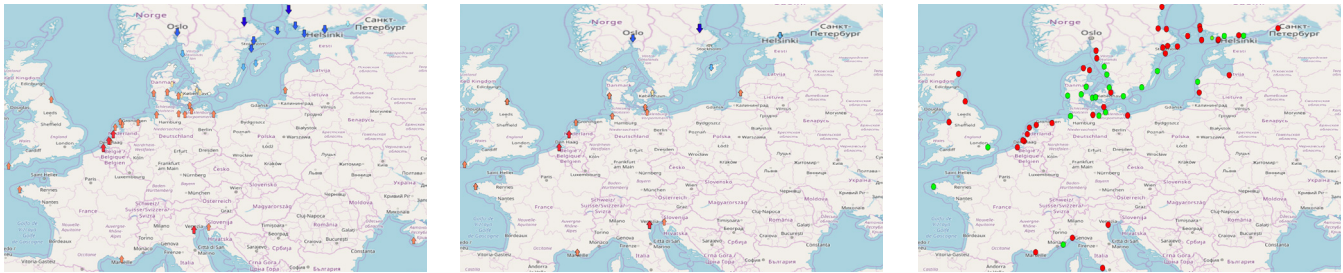
This registry shows licenced events such as pile driving, controlled explosions from naval operations, and other activities that release energy (MSFD descriptor 11.1.1).

- Temporal coverage: 2014 – 2016
- Spatial resolution: grid 10 x 20 arc minute
- Unit: pulse block days
- Web services: WMS, WFS



## Sea Level Trends and Anomalies

L5



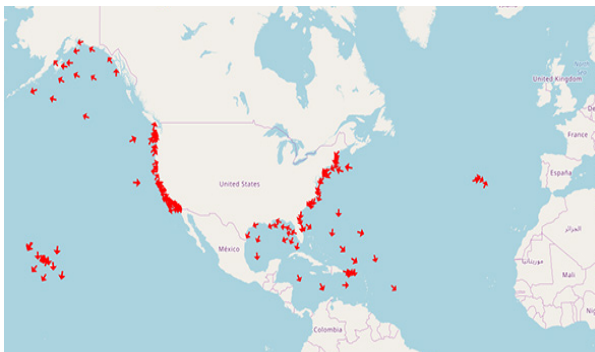
Relative (left) and absolute (middle) sea level trends, plus anomalies (right), by the Permanent Service for Mean Sea Level (PSMSL) and Système d’Observation du Niveau des Eaux Littorales (SONEL), expressed in mm/year. The trend is available for stations with at least 30 years of measurements.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly to monthly, monthly to annual averages
- Spatial resolution: in situ / sea basin
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP



## Wave

L5

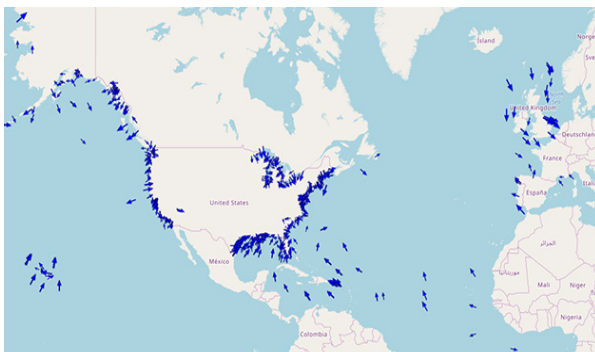


Multi point time series observation.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly, daily
- Spatial resolution: in situ
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP

## Wind

L5



Multi point time series observation.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly, daily
- Spatial resolution: in situ
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP

## Optical properties

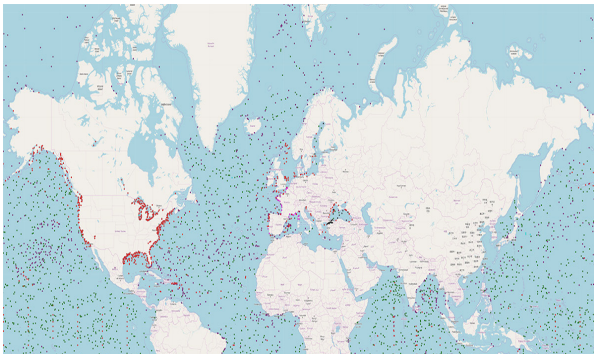


L5

Multi point time series observation.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly, daily
- Spatial resolution: in situ
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP

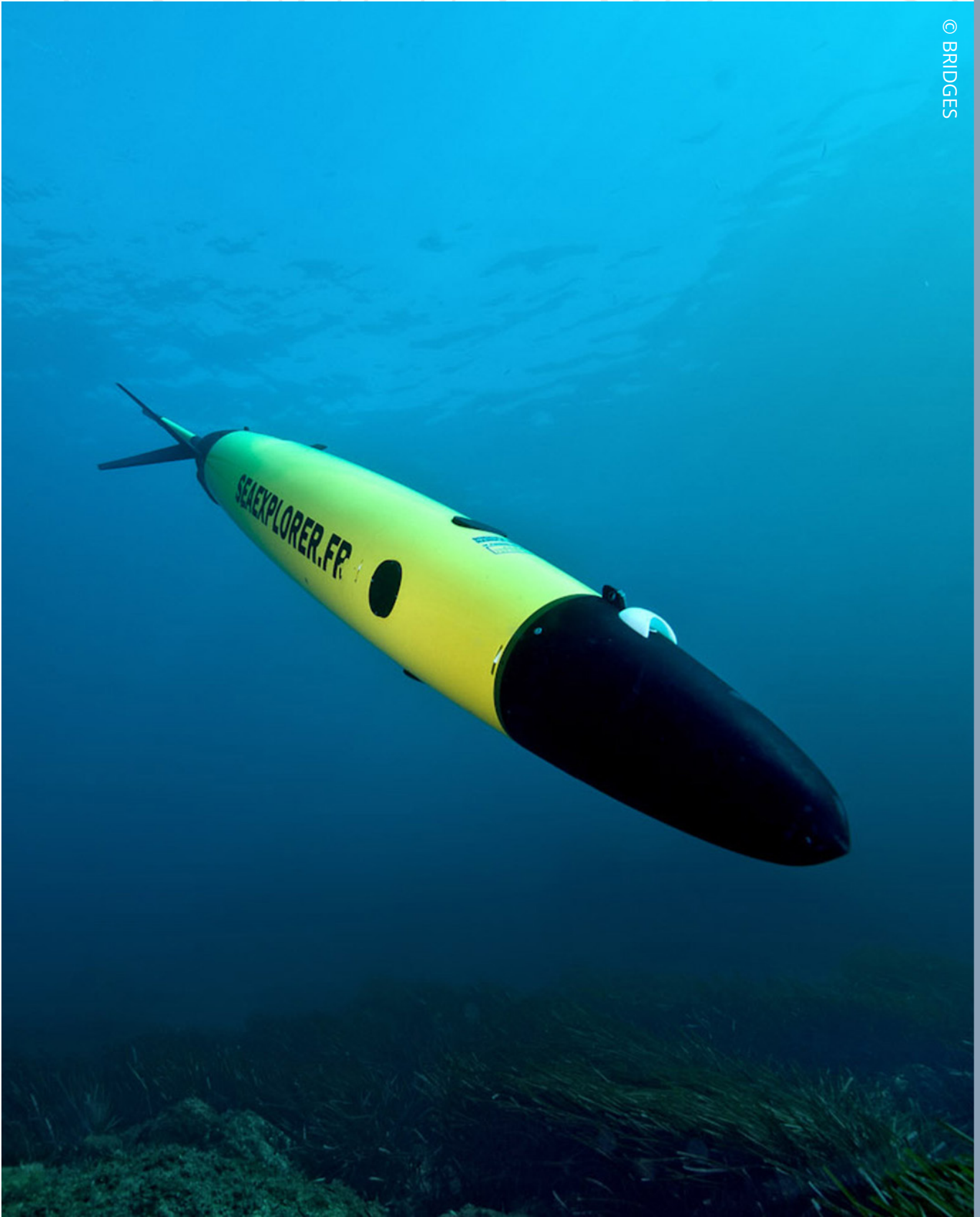
## Atmospheric parameters



L5

Multi point time series observation.

- Temporal coverage: 1900 – now
- Temporal resolution: hourly, daily
- Spatial resolution: in situ
- Depth coverage = -3000 – 0 m
- Web services: WMS, WCF, WFS, WAF, REST, OpenDAP



More information on the data and data products of EMODnet Physics can be found scanning this QR code, or at [www.emodnet-physics.eu](http://www.emodnet-physics.eu).



## Parameters and data formats

L4

### Parameter category

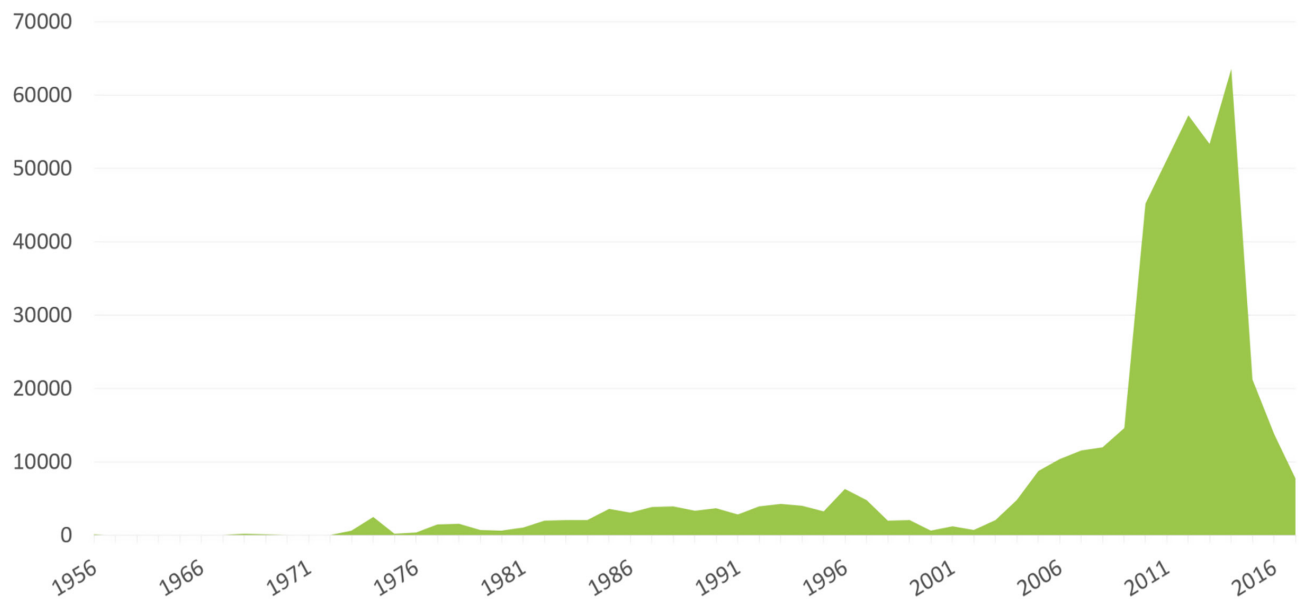
Habitats and biotopes, classified according to the European Nature Information System (EUNIS) habitat classification, where possible, and other regional, national and local classification systems.

### Data formats

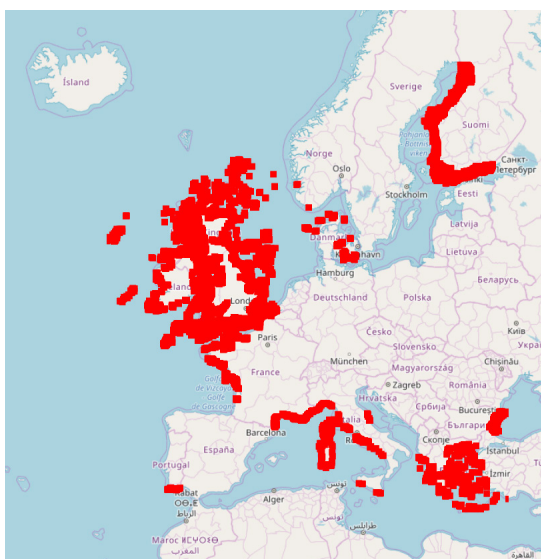
Data can be downloaded as an ESRI Shapefile, and accessed via WMS and WFS web services.

## Coverage and resolution

**Temporal coverage:** number of records per year.

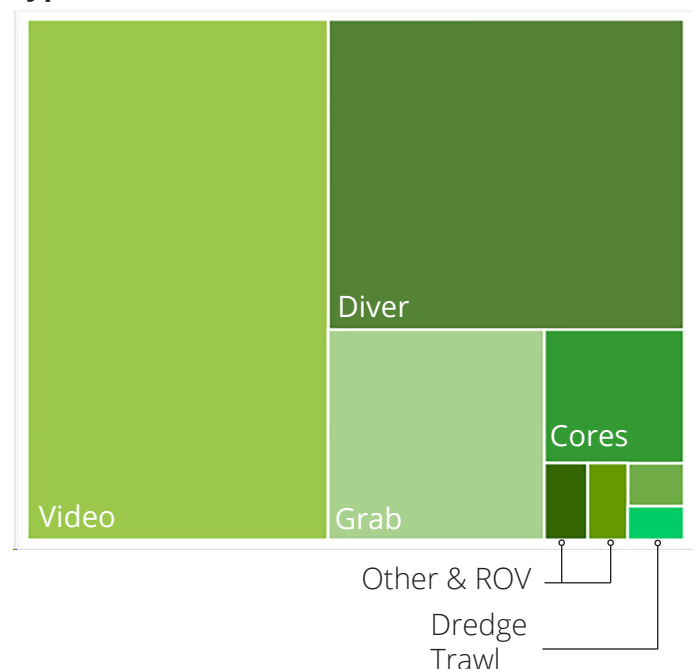


### Spatial coverage



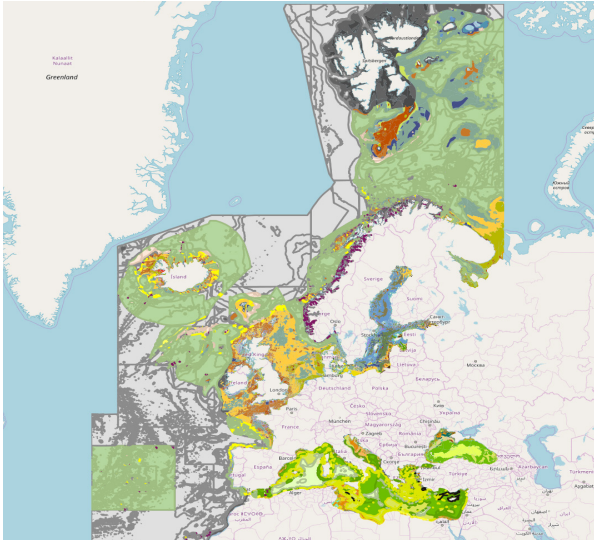
Note: spatial coverage is currently expanding to a pan-European scale.

### Proportional availability of data per survey type





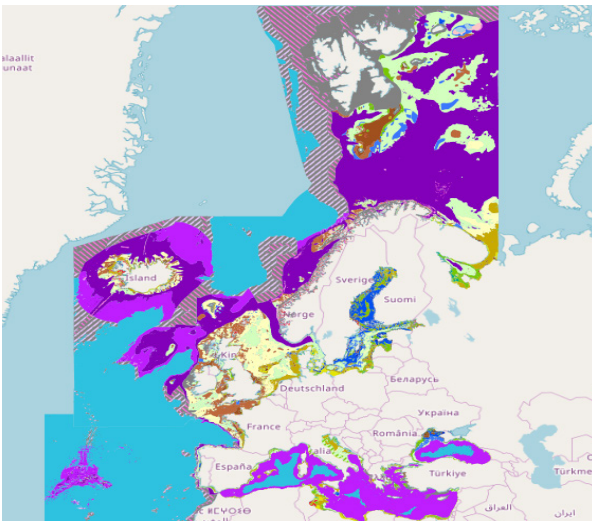
## EMODnet broad-scale seabed habitat map for Europe (EUSeaMap): EUNIS / full-detailed habitat classification



Updated in 2019 with improved resolution and extension to the Barents Sea.

- With associated confidence layer
- Spatial resolution: ~100 m, 1/16 \* 1/16 arc minute
- Available to download as: ESRI shapefile
- Web services: WMS

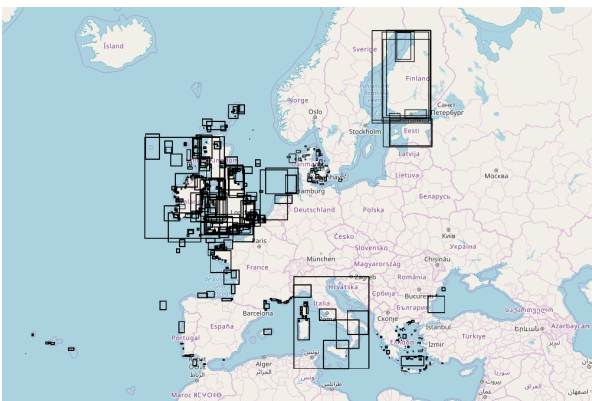
## EMODnet broad-scale seabed habitat map for Europe (EUSeaMap): MSFD Benthic broad habitat types



Updated in 2019 with improved resolution and extension to the Barents Sea.

- With associated confidence layer
- Spatial resolution: ~100 m, 1/16 \* 1/16 arc minute
- Available to download as: ESRI shapefile
- Web services: WMS

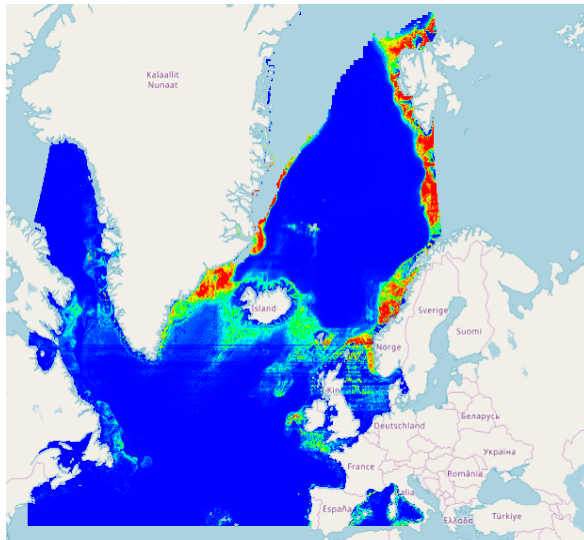
## Collection of individual habitat maps from surveys



Over 800 habitat maps collated from various sources, grouped according to habitat classification: EUNIS, Habitats Directive Annex I and Other.

- Web services: WMS, WFS

## Collection of modelled maps of specific habitats L6

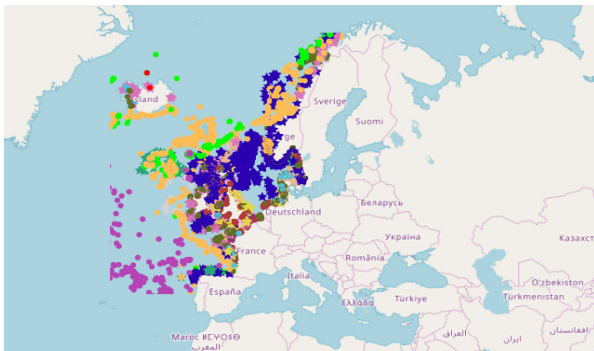


Over 70 predictive habitat models of various habitats, collated from various sources, grouped according to sea region.

- Web services: WMS, WCS

Example map: Predictive habitat model of ostur distribution in the North Atlantic.

## Composite data products L6

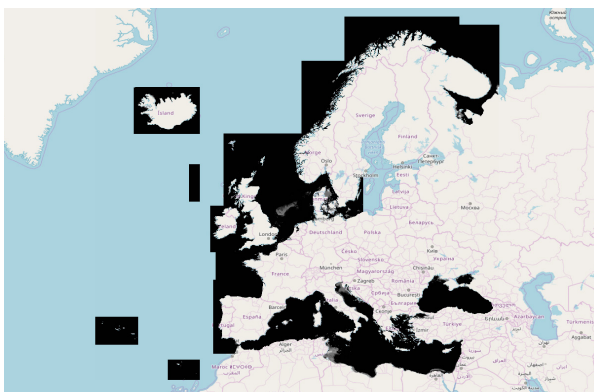


Compilations of data from multiple sources into new products that show the presence and extent of priority habitats, including OSPAR threatened and/or declining habitats and Essential Ocean Variables (live coral, seagrass and macroalgae). The official reported gridded distribution of habitat types listed in the Habitats Directive Annex 1 from the European Environment Agency are also available.

- Available to download as: ESRI shapefile
- Web services: WMS, WFS

Example map: OSPAR threatened and/or declining habitats in the NE Atlantic.

## Environmental variables that influence habitat type: optical properties L5

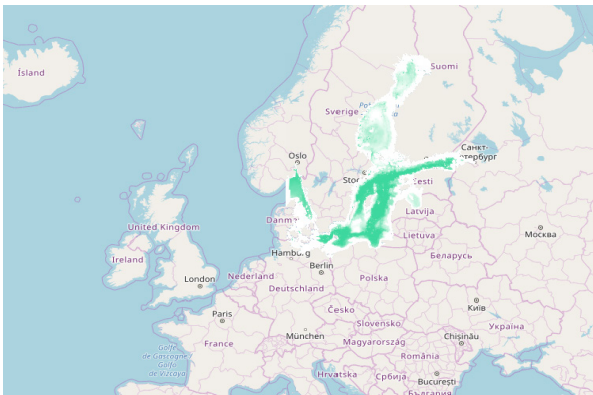


Created for EMODnet Seabed Habitats. Includes Light attenuation coefficient (KDPAR), Light (PAR) at the sea surface, Light (PAR) at the seabed, and associated confidence assessments.

- Temporal coverage: 2005 – 2019
- Spatial resolution: 250 m
- Web services: WMS

## Environmental variables that influence habitat type: probability of the seabed being below the halocline

L5

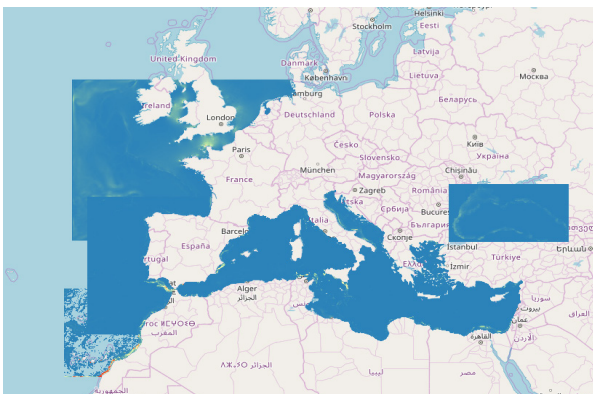


Created for EMODnet Seabed Habitats for the Baltic Sea only, includes confidence assessment.

- Spatial resolution: 5.5 km
- Web services: WMS

## Environmental variables that influence habitat type: kinetic energy at the seabed due to currents

L5

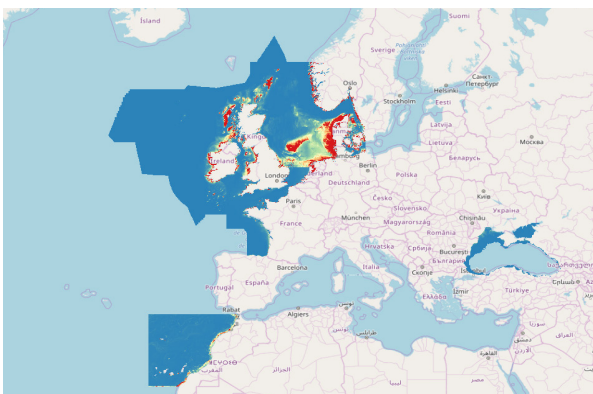


Created for EMODnet Seabed Habitats. Includes separate models for Mediterranean, Macaronesia, Celtic Seas, North Sea, Channel, Biscay, Black Sea and Adriatic. Includes confidence assessments.

- Temporal coverage: variable
- Temporal resolution: variable
- Spatial resolution: variable
- Web services: WMS

## Environmental variables that influence habitat type: kinetic energy at the seabed due to waves

L5

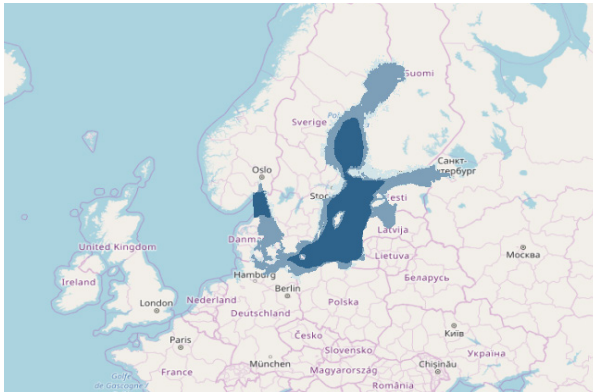


Created for EMODnet Seabed Habitats. Includes separate models for Macaronesia, Celtic Seas, North Sea and Biscay. Includes confidence assessments.

- Temporal coverage: variable
- Temporal resolution: variable
- Spatial resolution: variable
- Web services: WMS

## Environmental variables that influence habitat type: exposure index at the sea surface

L5

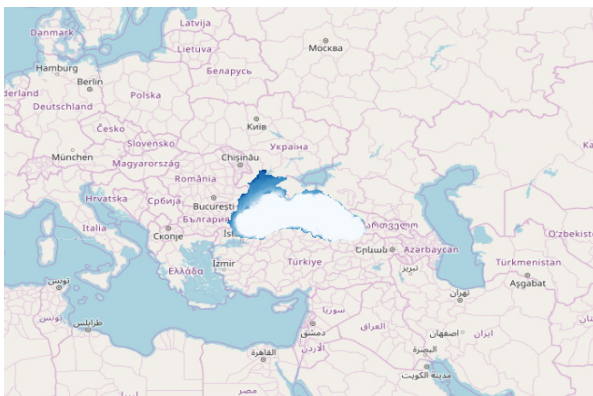


Created for EMODnet Seabed Habitats for the Baltic Sea only.

- Temporal coverage: 2002 – 2007
- Spatial resolution: 25 m
- Web services: WMS

## Environmental variables that influence habitat type: density of dissolved oxygen at the seabed

L5

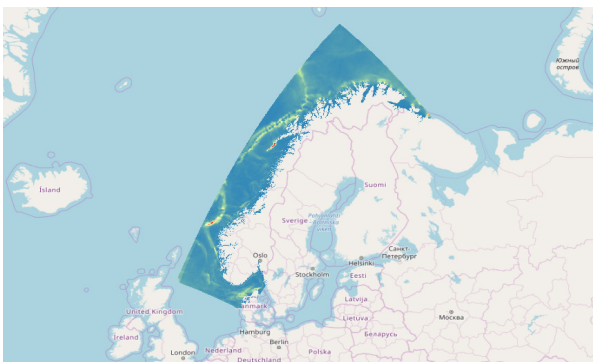


Created for EMODnet Seabed Habitats for the Black Sea only.

- Temporal coverage: 1992 – 2018
- Temporal resolution: monthly
- Spatial resolution: 1/36 x 1/27 degree (~3 km)
- Web services: WMS

## Environmental variables that influence habitat type: from external providers

L5



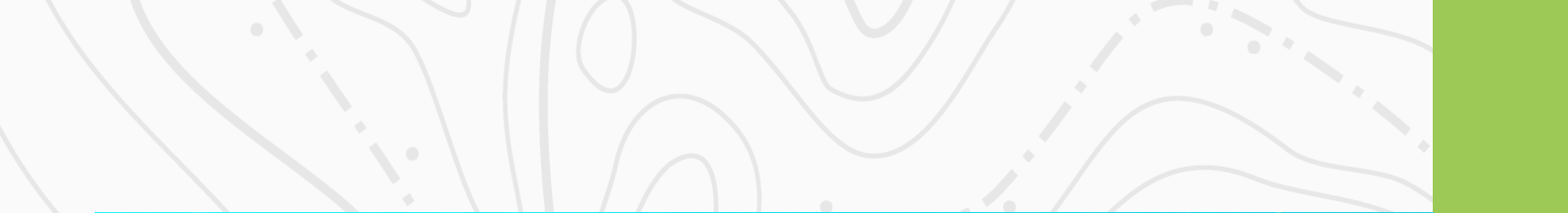
Other environmental variables from external providers, including kinetic energy due to waves and currents for various regions.

- Temporal coverage: variable
- Temporal resolution: variable
- Spatial resolution: variable
- Web services: WMS

Example map: kinetic energy at the seabed surface due to currents – Norway (source: Institute of Marine Research).

More information on the data and data products of EMODnet Seabed Habitats can be found scanning this QR code, or at [www.emodnet-seabedhabitats.eu](http://www.emodnet-seabedhabitats.eu).





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## WAKE UP YOUR DATA – MAKE USE OF EMODnet INGESTION

The EMODnet Data Ingestion portal activities are undertaken by a large European network that is geographically anchored in the countries bordering all European marine basins, and covers all EMODnet data themes. The EMODnet Data Ingestion members are national and regional marine and oceanographic data repositories and data management experts. The coordinators of the EMODnet thematic portals are also engaged.

The EMODnet Data Ingestion portal facilitates submission of sleeping marine datasets for further processing, Open Data publishing and contributing to applications for society. It provides an easy data submission process for data holders from public and private sectors that are not yet connected to the existing marine data management infrastructures to easily release their data for safekeeping and subsequent distribution through EMODnet. The EMODnet Data Ingestion portal helps to wake up your data so it can serve Blue Society, based on the principle of 'collect once and use many times'. This idea – a guiding principle of the Marine Knowledge 2020 strategy – benefits all marine data users, including policy makers, scientists, private industries and the public, and opens up new opportunities for innovation and growth.

The involved data centres have been actively engaged in data management for many decades. They have the essential capacities and facilities for data quality control, long-term stewardship, retrieval and distribution of ingested data sets. They are involved in national research and monitoring activities and have established arrangements for managing the resulting data on a national and thematic basis. Moreover, the data centres work together on pan-European and international scales in organisations such as IODE, ICES, EuroGeoSurveys, EuroGOOS, and IHO, and for pan-European marine data management infrastructures such as SeaDataCloud and EurOBIS. So, your ingested data will be reviewed and elaborated by these experts for wider distribution, and where possible, for inclusion in EMODnet portals and their widely-used data products.

## SHARE YOUR DATA WITH EMODnet – GO TO WWW.EMODNET-INGESTION.EU



### Submit your data files

The online Data Submission service facilitates you to submit marine datasets by completing a form and uploading your data as a file package. The service also provides long term stewardship and publishing for your datasets.



### Ingest operational data

We are also interested in (Near) Real-Time ((N)RT) data streams from fixed and autonomous ocean observing platforms. This section explains how you can connect your operational stations to the European operational oceanography data exchange.



### View submissions

View, search and download datasets that have been submitted by data providers using the Data Submission service.



### Check guidelines for formatting data

The wider use and processing of your submitted datasets by public users and by receiving data centres is made much easier if you apply standard formats and quality control to your datasets before submission. This option gives an overview of relevant guidelines for various marine data themes.



### Data wanted






Are you seeking specific datasets and can not find them in any of the EMODnet portals? Specify and post your needs.





### Help

The Help desk can provide you assistance and instructions when required.

# Key | Data and data product processing levels

- L0** Raw data. Unprocessed instrument data at full resolution, including synchronisation methods (e.g. elimination of CTD up-down duplicates) and excluding communication artifacts. 
- L1** Full resolution data reconstructed with calibration coefficients, geo- and time-referenced. 
- L2** Geo- and time-referenced processed (derived) data with a minimum QC. Near-real time (NRT) with full spatial and/or temporal resolution. 
- L3** Delayed mode data with further QC, usually with some completeness, consistency and space/time uniformity. Data QC checks may include comparison with historical data and/or Level 5 products such as climatologies or gridded data. 
- L4** Collated data from different measurements, samples and/or sources that have been integrated in a data system by means of standardisation and/or categorisation, and subset or otherwise selected or derived to fulfil a specific requirement. Data can represent numerical values and presence/absence of a category or entity. Integration of datasets at this level enables further QC based on parameter to parameter relationships (e.g. TS diagrams). 

Data

- L5** Model or analysis output that uses data of Level 2 and/or 3 as input. Data products of this level represent the spatial distribution of a single parameter derived from multiple measurements. Data are aggregated and undergo some level of geo-processing and spatial or temporal interpolation to cover data gaps and/or solve data discrepancies. 
  - L5A. One-dimensional distribution of a specific parameter, without variations on the temporal or depth dimensions.
  - L5B. Two-dimensional distribution of a specific parameter, with variations on the temporal and/or depth dimensions.
  - L5C. Three-dimensional distribution of a specific parameter.
- L6** Derived information from multi-variable model or analysis that has Level 5 data products and/or Level 2-3 data as input. These input data and data products might have been gathered or developed by the thematic lot itself, by other thematic lots or third parties. 

Data products



# EMODnet



European Marine  
Observation and  
Data Network



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